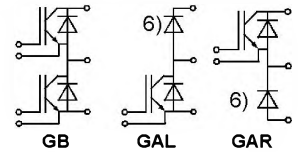


## SEMITRANS® M IGBT Modules

SKM 100 GB 123 D  
SKM 100 GAL 123 D <sup>6)</sup>  
SKM 100 GAR 123 D <sup>6)</sup>



SEMITRANS 2



### Features

- MOS input (voltage controlled)
- N channel, Homogeneous Si
- Low inductance case
- Very low tail current with low temperature dependence
- High short circuit capability, self limiting to  $6 \cdot I_{Cnom}$
- Latch-up free
- Fast & soft inverse CAL diodes<sup>5)</sup>
- Isolated copper baseplate using DCB Direct Copper Bonding Technology
- Large clearance (10 mm) and creepage distances (20 mm).

**Typical Applications:** → B 6 - 45  
• Switching (not for linear use)

<sup>1)</sup>  $T_{case} = 25\text{ °C}$ , unless otherwise specified

<sup>2)</sup>  $I_F = -I_C$ ,  $V_R = 600\text{ V}$ ,  $-di/dt = 800\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$ ,  $V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$

<sup>3)</sup> Use  $V_{GEOff} = -5 \dots -15\text{ V}$

<sup>5)</sup> See Fig. 2 + 3;  $R_{Goff} = 15\ \Omega$

<sup>6)</sup> The free-wheeling diodes of the GAL and GAR types have the data of the inverse diodes of SKM 150 GB 123 D

<sup>7)</sup>  $V_{iso} = 4000\text{ V}_{rms}$  on request

<sup>8)</sup> CAL = Controlled Axial Lifetime Technology.

**Cases and mech. data** → B6 - 46

Absolute Maximum Ratings		Values		Units
Symbol	Conditions <sup>1)</sup>			
$V_{CES}$		1200		V
$V_{CGR}$	$R_{GE} = 20\text{ k}\Omega$	1200		V
$I_C$	$T_{case} = 25/80\text{ °C}$	100 / 75		A
$I_{CM}$	$T_{case} = 25/80\text{ °C}$ ; $t_p = 1\text{ ms}$	200 / 150		A
$V_{GES}$		$\pm 20$		V
$P_{tot}$	per IGBT, $T_{case} = 25\text{ °C}$	625		W
$T_{J, (T_{stg})}$		- 40 ... +150 (125)		°C
$V_{isol}$	AC, 1 min.	2 500 <sup>7)</sup>		V
humidity	DIN 40 040	Class F		
climate	DIN IEC 68 T.1	55/150/56		
<b>Inverse Diode</b>				
$I_F = -I_C$	$T_{case} = 25/80\text{ °C}$	95 / 65	FWD <sup>6)</sup> 130 / 90	
$I_{FM} = -I_{CM}$	$T_{case} = 25/80\text{ °C}$ ; $t_p = 1\text{ ms}$	200 / 150	200 / 150	
$I_{FSM}$	$t_p = 10\text{ ms}$ ; $\sin$ ; $T_J = 150\text{ °C}$	720	1100	
$t^*t$	$t_p = 10\text{ ms}$ ; $T_J = 150\text{ °C}$	2600	6000	

Characteristics		min.	typ.	max.	Units
Symbol	Conditions <sup>1)</sup>				
$V_{I(BR)CES}$	$V_{GE} = 0$ , $I_C = 4\text{ mA}$	$\geq V_{CES}$	-	-	V
$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{GE} = V_{CES}$ , $I_C = 2\text{ mA}$	4,5	5,5	6,5	V
$I_{CES}$	$V_{GE} = 0$   $T_J = 25\text{ °C}$	-	0,1	1,5	mA
	$V_{CE} = V_{CES}$   $T_J = 125\text{ °C}$	-	6	-	mA
$I_{GES}$	$V_{GE} = 20\text{ V}$ , $V_{CE} = 0$	-	-	300	nA
$V_{CESat}$	$I_C = 75\text{ A}$   $V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$ ;	-	2,5(3,1)	3(3,7)	V
$V_{CESat}$	$I_C = 100\text{ A}$   $T_J = 25\text{ (125) °C}$	-	2,8(3,6)	-	V
$g_{fs}$	$V_{CE} = 20\text{ V}$ , $I_C = 75\text{ A}$	31	-	-	S
$C_{CHC}$	per IGBT	-	-	350	pF
$C_{ies}$	$V_{GE} = 0$	-	5	6,6	nF
$C_{oes}$	$V_{CE} = 25\text{ V}$	-	720	900	pF
$C_{res}$	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$	-	380	500	pF
$L_{CE}$		-	-	30	nH
$t_{d(on)}$	$V_{CC} = 600\text{ V}$	-	30	60	ns
$t_r$	$V_{GE} = +15\text{ V}$ , - 15 V <sup>3)</sup>	-	70	140	ns
$t_{d(off)}$	$I_C = 75\text{ A}$ , ind. load	-	450	600	ns
$t_f$	$R_{Gon} = R_{Goff} = 15\ \Omega$	-	70	90	ns
$E_{on}^{5)}$	$T_J = 125\text{ °C}$	-	10	-	mWs
$E_{off}^{5)}$		-	8	-	mWs
<b>Inverse Diode <sup>8)</sup></b>					
$V_F = V_{EC}$	$I_F = 75\text{ A}$   $V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$ ;	-	2,0(1,8)	2,5	V
$V_F = V_{EC}$	$I_F = 100\text{ A}$   $T_J = 25\text{ (125) °C}$	-	2,25(2,05)	-	V
$V_{TO}$	$T_J = 125\text{ °C}$	-	-	1,2	V
$r_T$	$T_J = 125\text{ °C}$	-	12	15	mΩ
$I_{RRM}$	$I_F = 75\text{ A}$ ; $T_J = 25\text{ (125) °C}^{2)}$	-	27(40)	-	A
$Q_{rr}$	$I_F = 75\text{ A}$ ; $T_J = 25\text{ (125) °C}^{2)}$	-	3(10)	-	μC
<b>FWD of types "GAL", "GAR" <sup>8)</sup></b>					
$V_F = V_{EC}$	$I_F = 75\text{ A}$   $V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$ ;	-	1,85(1,6)	2,2	V
$V_F = V_{EC}$	$I_F = 100\text{ A}$   $T_J = 25\text{ (125) °C}$	-	2,0(1,8)	-	V
$V_{TO}$	$T_J = 125\text{ °C}$	-	-	1,2	V
$r_T$	$T_J = 125\text{ °C}$	-	9	11	mΩ
$I_{RRM}$	$I_F = 75\text{ A}$ ; $T_J = 25\text{ (125) °C}^{2)}$	-	30(45)	-	A
$Q_{rr}$	$I_F = 75\text{ A}$ ; $T_J = 25\text{ (125) °C}^{2)}$	-	3,5(11)	-	μC
<b>Thermal Characteristics</b>					
$R_{thjc}$	per IGBT	-	-	0,2	°C/W
$R_{thjc}$	per diode / FWD "GAL"; "GAR"	-	-	0,50/0,36	°C/W
$R_{thch}$	per module	-	-	0,05	°C/W

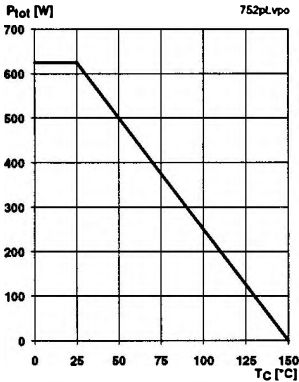


Fig. 1 Rated power dissipation  $P_{tot} = f(T_C)$

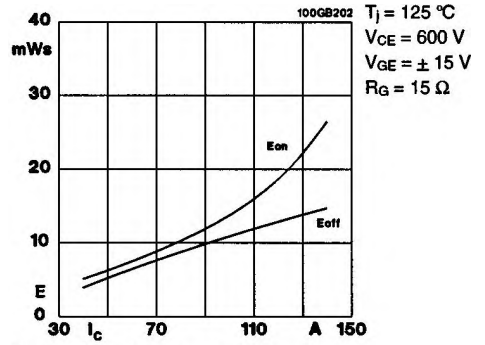


Fig. 2 Turn-on /-off energy =  $f(I_C)$

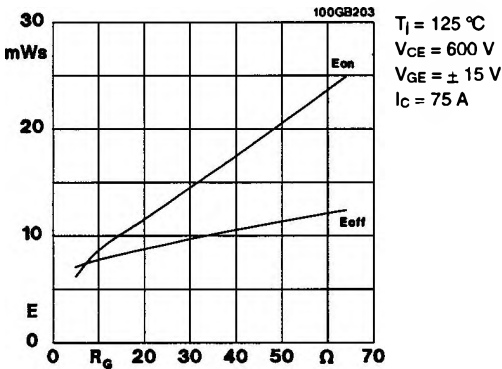


Fig. 3 Turn-on /-off energy =  $f(R_G)$

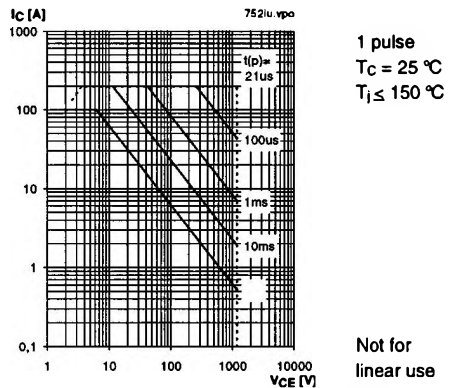


Fig. 4 Maximum safe operating area (SOA)  $I_C = f(V_{CE})$

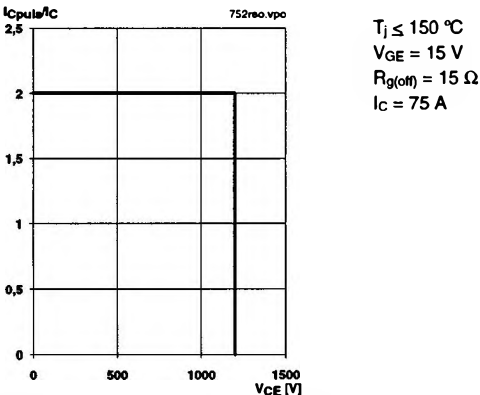


Fig. 5 Turn-off safe operating area (RBSOA)

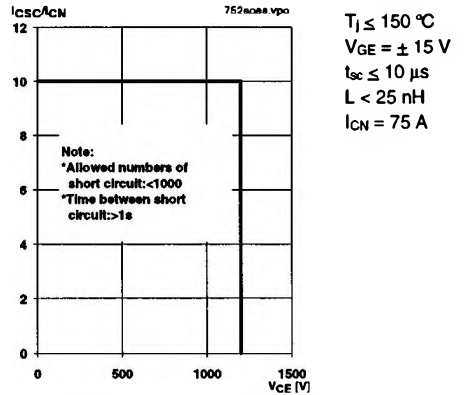


Fig. 6 Safe operating area at short circuit  $I_C = f(V_{CE})$

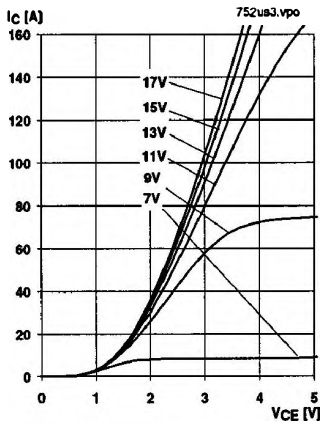


Fig. 9 Typ. output characteristic,  $t_p = 80 \mu s$ ;  $25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

$$P_{\text{cond}(t)} = V_{\text{CEsat}(t)} \cdot I_{\text{C}(t)}$$

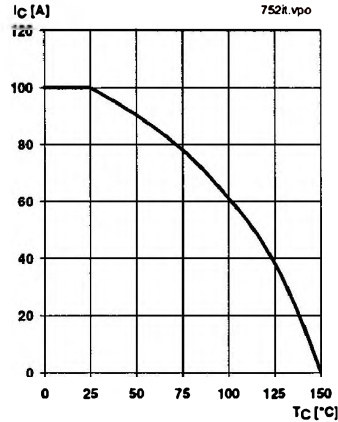
$$V_{\text{CEsat}(t)} = V_{\text{CE}(\text{TO})(T_J)} + r_{\text{CE}(\eta)} \cdot I_{\text{C}(t)}$$

$$V_{\text{CE}(\text{TO})(T_J)} \leq 1,5 + 0,002 (T_J - 25) \text{ [V]}$$

$$r_{\text{CE}(\eta)} = 0,013 + 0,00006 (T_J - 25) \text{ [\Omega]}$$

$$\text{valid for } V_{\text{GE}} = +15 + \frac{2}{-1} \text{ [V]}; I_{\text{C}} > 0,3 I_{\text{Cnom}}$$

Fig. 11 Typ. saturation characteristic (IGBT)  
Calculation elements and equations



$T_J = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{\text{GE}} \geq 15 \text{ V}$

Fig. 8 Rated current vs. temperature  $I_{\text{C}} = f(T_{\text{C}})$

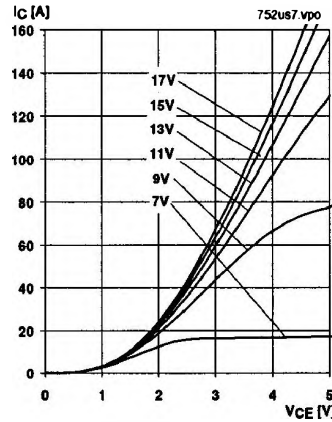


Fig. 10 Typ. output characteristic,  $t_p = 80 \mu s$ ;  $125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

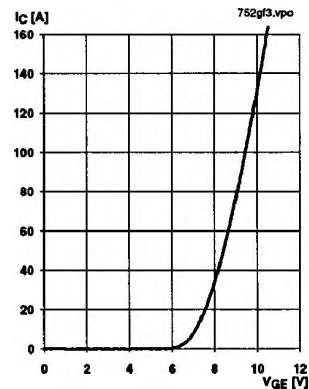


Fig. 12 Typ. transfer characteristic,  $t_p = 80 \mu s$ ;  $V_{\text{CE}} = 20 \text{ V}$

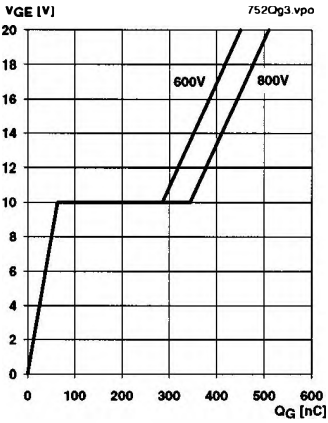
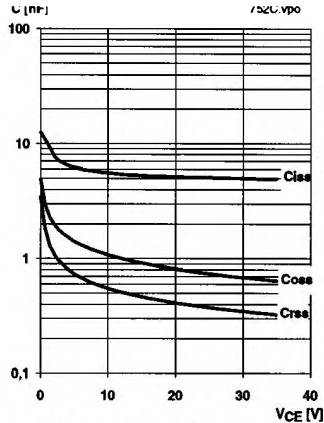


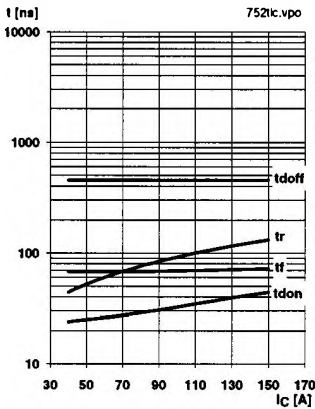
Fig. 13 Typ. gate charge characteristic

$I_{Cpuls} = 75 \text{ A}$



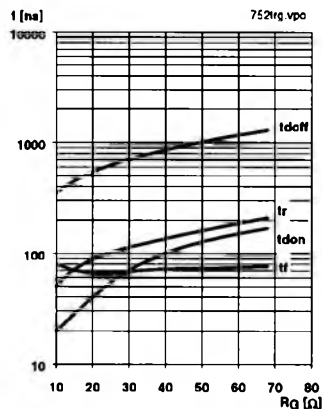
$V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}$   
 $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$

Fig. 14 Typ. capacitances vs.  $V_{CE}$



$T_j = 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $R_{gon} = 15 \text{ } \Omega$   
 $R_{goff} = 15 \text{ } \Omega$   
induct. load

Fig. 15 Typ. switching times vs.  $I_c$



$T_j = 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 600 \text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 75 \text{ A}$   
induct. load

Fig. 16 Typ. switching times vs. gate resistor  $R_g$

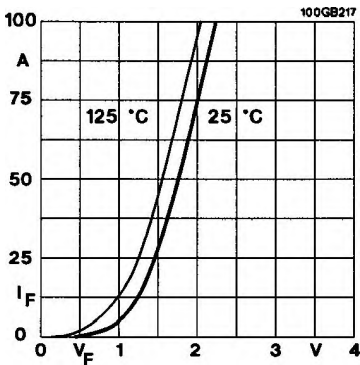


Fig. 17 Typ. CAL diode forward characteristic

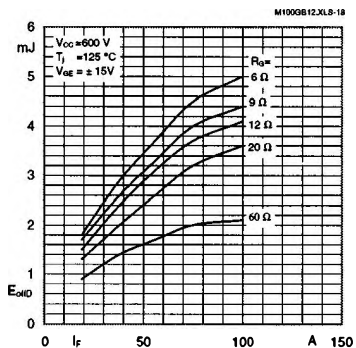


Fig. 18 Diode turn-off energy dissipation per pulse

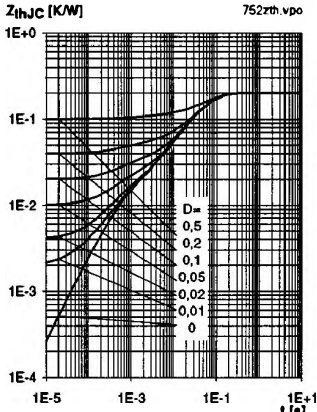


Fig. 19 Transient thermal impedance of IGBT  
 $Z_{thJC} = f(t_p)$ ;  $D = t_p / t_c = t_p \cdot f$

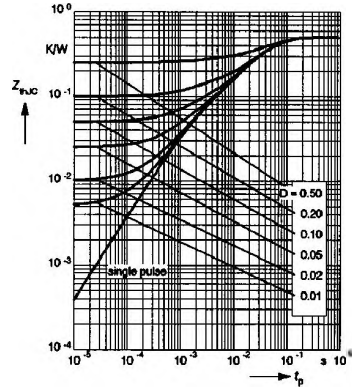


Fig. 20 Transient thermal impedance of inverse CAL diodes  
 $Z_{thJC} = f(t_p)$ ;  $D = t_p / t_c = t_p \cdot f$

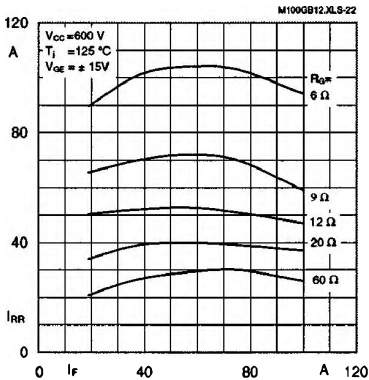


Fig. 22 Typ. CAL diode peak reverse recovery current  $I_{RR} = f(I_r; R_g)$

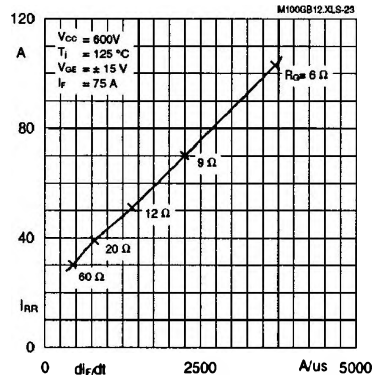


Fig. 23 Typ. CAL diode peak reverse recovery current  $I_{RR} = f(di/dt)$

## Typical Applications Include

- Switched mode power supplies
- DC servo and robot drives
- Inverters
- DC choppers (versions GAR; GAL)
- AC motor speed control
- Inductive heating
- UPS Uninterruptable power supplies
- General power switching applications
- Electronic (also portable) welders
- Pulse frequencies also above 15 kHz

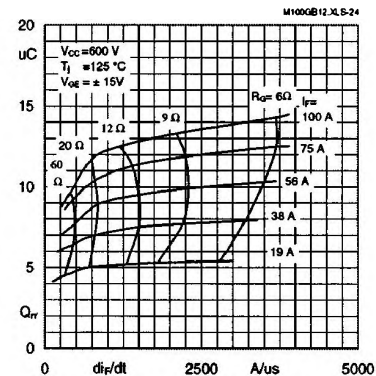


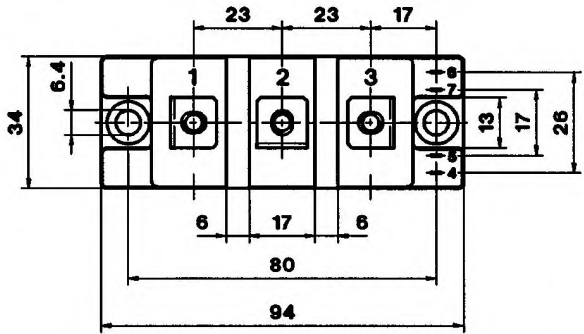
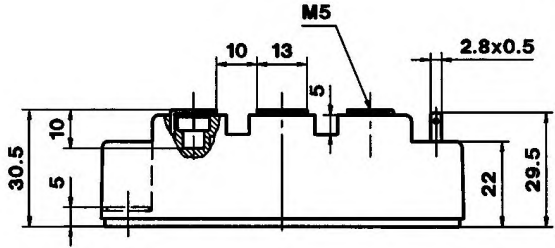
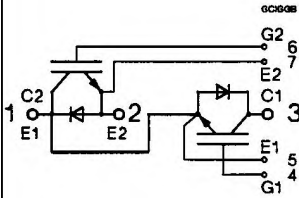
Fig. 24 Typ. CAL diode recovered charge  $Q_{rr} = f(di/dt)$

**SEMITRANS 2**

Case D 61  
 UL Recognized  
 File no. E 63 532

CASED61

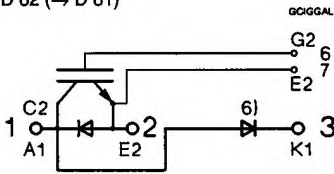
**SKM 100 GB 123 D**  
**SKM 100 GB 173 D**



Dimensions in mm

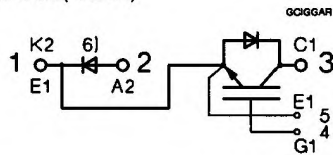
**SKM 100 GAL 123 D**

Case D 62 (→ D 61)



**SKM 100 GAR 123 D**

Case D 63 (→ D 61)



Case outline and circuit diagrams

Mechanical Data		Values			Units
Symbol	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	
M <sub>1</sub>	to heatsink, SI Units (M6)	3	-	5	Nm
	to heatsink, US Units	27	-	44	lb.in.
M <sub>2</sub>	for terminals, SI Units (M5)	2,5	-	5	Nm
	for terminals US Units	22	-	44	lb.in.
a		-	-	5x9,81	m/s <sup>2</sup>
w		-	-	250	g

**This is an electrostatic discharge sensitive device (ESDS). Please observe the international standard IEC 747-1, Chapter IX.**

Eight devices are supplied in one SEMIBOX A without mounting hardware, which can be ordered separately under Ident No. 33321100 (for 10 SEMITRANS 2). Larger packing units of 20 and 42 pieces are used if suitable

Accessories → page B 6 - 4.  
 SEMIBOX → page C - 1.

<sup>4)</sup> Freewheeling diode → page B 6 - 41, remark 6.