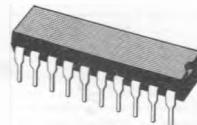


**60 W HI-FI DUAL AUDIO DRIVER**

ADVANCE DATA

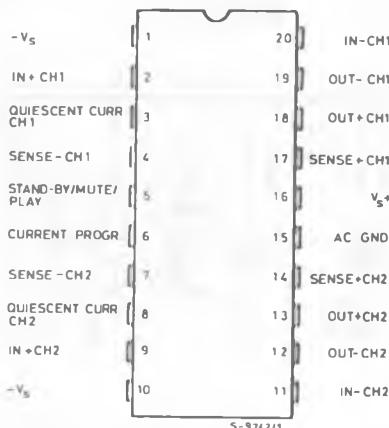
- WIDE SUPPLY VOLTAGE RANGE : 20 TO 90 V  
( $\pm 10$  to  $\pm 45$  V)
- VERY LOW DISTORTION
- AUTOMATIC QUIESCENT CURRENT CONTROL FOR THE POWER TRANSISTORS WITHOUT TEMPERATURE SENSE ELEMENTS
- OVERLOAD CURRENT PROTECTION FOR THE POWER TRANSISTORS
- MUTE/STAND-BY FUNCTIONS
- LOW POWER CONSUMPTION
- OUTPUT POWER 60 W/8  $\Omega$  AND 100 W/4  $\Omega$


 DIP-20  
 (Plastic 0.4)

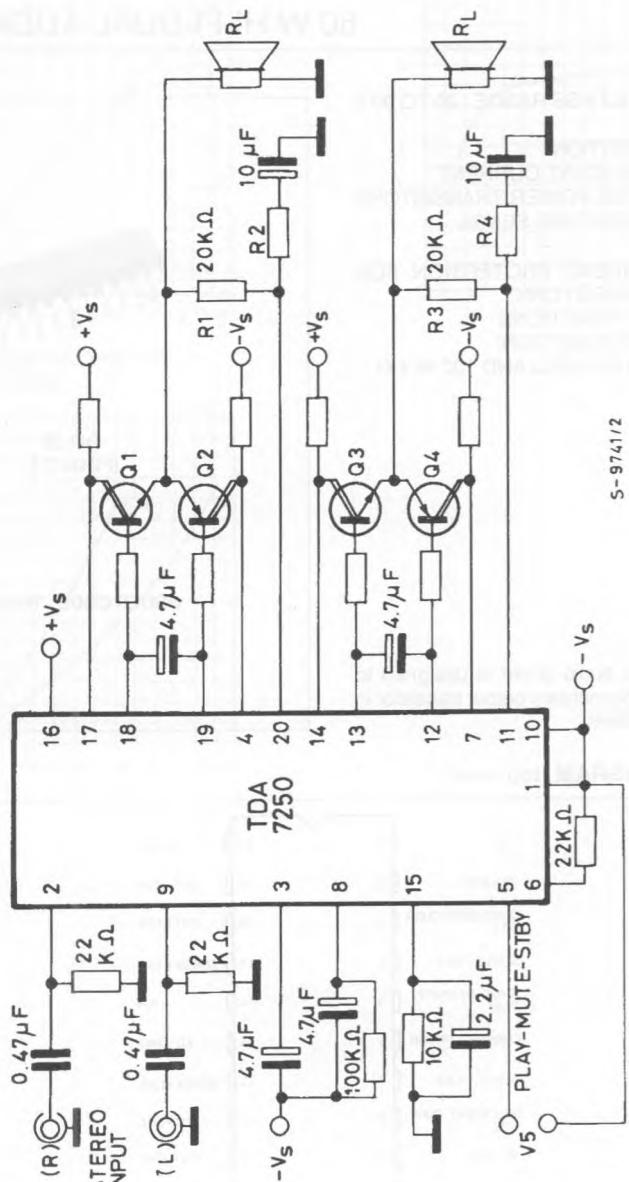
ORDER CODE : TDA7250

**DESCRIPTION**

The TDA7250 stereo audio driver is designed to drive two pair of complementary output transistor in the Hi-Fi power amplifiers.

**CONNECTION DIAGRAM (top view)**


## APPLICATION CIRCUIT



**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
$V_s$	Supply Voltage	100	V
$P_{tot}$	Power Dissipation at $T_{amb} = 60^\circ\text{C}$	1.4	W
$T_j, T_{stg}$	Storage and Junction Temperature	- 40 to + 150	$^\circ\text{C}$

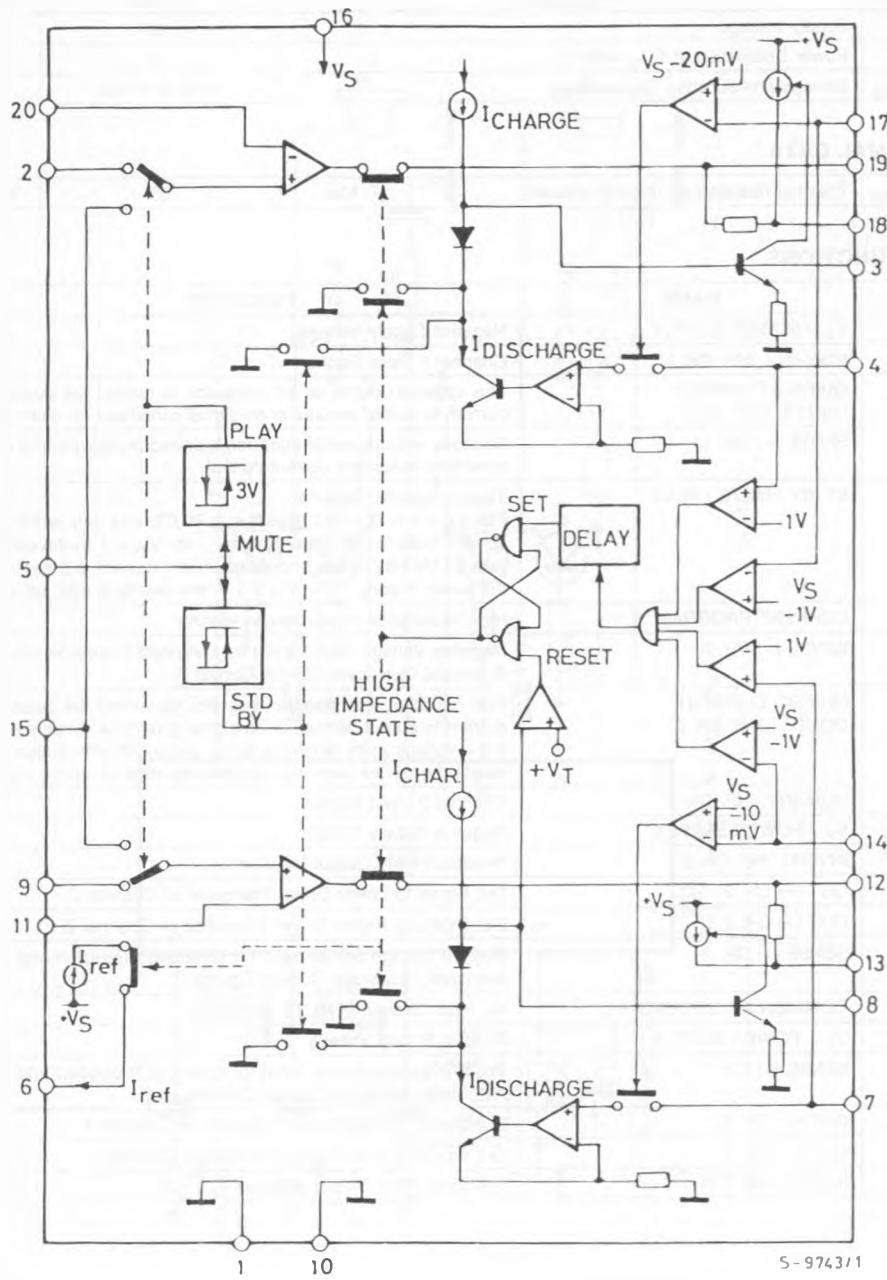
**THERMAL DATA**

$R_{th, j-amb}$	Thermal Resistance Junction-ambient	Max.	65	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
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**PIN FUNCTIONS**

N°	NAME	FUNCTION
1	$V_s$ – POWER SUPPLY	Negative Supply Voltage.
2	NON-INV. INP. CH. 1	Channel 1 Input Signal.
3	QUIESC. CURRENT CONTR. CAP. CH1	This capacitor works as an integrator, to control the quiescent current to output devices in no-signal conditions on channel 1.
4	SENSE (-) CH. 1	Negative voltage sense input for overload protection and for automatic quiescent current control.
5	ST. BY / MUTE / PLAY	Three-functions Terminal. For $V_{IN} = 1$ to 3 V, the device is in MUTE and only quiescent current flows in the power stages ; - for $V_{IN} < 1$ V, the device is in STAND-BY mode and no quiescent current is present in the power stages ; - for $V_{IN} > 3$ V, the device is fully active.
6	CURRENT PROGRAM	High Impedance Power-stages Monitor.
7	SENSE (-) CH. 2	Negative Voltage Sense Input for Overload Protection and for Automatic Quiescent Current Control.
8	QUIESC. CURRENT CONTR. CAP. CH. 2	This capacitor works as an integrator, to control the quiescent current to output devices in no-signal conditions on channel 2. If the voltage at its terminals drops under 250 mV, it also resets the device from high-impedance state of output stages.
9	NON-INV. INP. CH. 2	Channel 2 Input Signals.
10	$V_s$ – POWER SUPPLY	Negative Supply Voltage.
11	INVERT. INP. CH. 2	Feedback from Output (channel 2).
12	OUT (-) CH. 2	Out Signal to Lower Driver Transistor of Channel 2.
13	OUT (+) CH. 2	Out Signal to Higher Driver Transistor of Channel 2.
14	SENSE (+) CH. 2	Positive Voltage Sense Input for Overload Protection and for Automatic Quiescent Current Control.
15	COMMON AC GROUND	AC Input Ground in MUTE Condition.
16	$V_s$ + POWER SUPPLY	Positive Supply Voltage.
17	SENSE (+) CH. 1	Positive Voltage Sense Input for Overload Protection and for Automatic Quiescent Current Control.
18	OUT (+) CH. 1	Out Signal to High Driver Transistor of Channel 1.
19	OUT (-) CH. 1	Out Signal to Low Driver Transistor of Channel 1.
20	INVERT. INP. CH. 1	Feedback from Output (channel 1).

## BLOCK DIAGRAM



**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_s = \pm 35\text{ V}$ , play mode, unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$V_s$	Supply Voltage			± 10		± 45	V
$I_d$	Quiescent Drain Current	Stand-by Mode			8		mA
		Play Mode			10	14	
$I_b$	Input Bias Current			0.2	1	μA	
$V_{os}$	Input Offset Voltage			1	± 10	mV	
$I_{os}$	Input Offset Current			100	200	nA	
$G_v$	Open Loop Voltage Gain	$f = 100\text{ Hz}$		90			dB
		$f = 10\text{ kHz}$		60			
$e_N$	Input Noise Voltage	$R_G = 600\text{ Ω}$ $B = 20\text{ Hz to } 20\text{ kHz}$		3			μV
SR	Slew Rate			10			V/μs
$d$	Total Harmonic Distortion	$G_v = 26\text{ dB}$ $P_o = 40\text{ W}$	$f = 1\text{ kHz}$	0.004			%
			$f = 20\text{ kHz}$	0.03			
$V_{opp}$	Output Voltage Swing			60			V <sub>pp</sub>
$P_o$	Output Power (*)	$V_s = \pm 35\text{ V}$	$R_L = 8\text{ Ω}$	60			W
		$V_s = \pm 30\text{ V}$	$R_L = 8\text{ Ω}$	40			
		$V_s = \pm 35\text{ V}$	$R_L = 4\text{ Ω}$	100			
$I_o$	Output Current			± 5			mA
SVR	Supply Voltage Rejection	$f = 100\text{ Hz}$		75			dB
$C_s$	Channel Separation	$f = 1\text{ kHz}$		75			dB

**MUTE / STANDBY/ PLAY FUNCTIONS**

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_i$	Input Current (pin 5)			0.1		μA
$V_{th}$	Comparator Standby / Mute Threshold (**)		1.0	1.25	1.5	V
H	Hysteresis Standby / Mute			200		mV
$V_{th}$	Comparator Mute / Play Threshold (**)		2.4	3.0	3.6	V
H	Hysteresis Mute / Play			300		mV
	Mute Attenuation	$f = 1\text{ kHz}$		60		dB
$V_i$	Input Voltage Max. (pin 5)		12 (**)			V

(\*) Application circuit of fig. 1

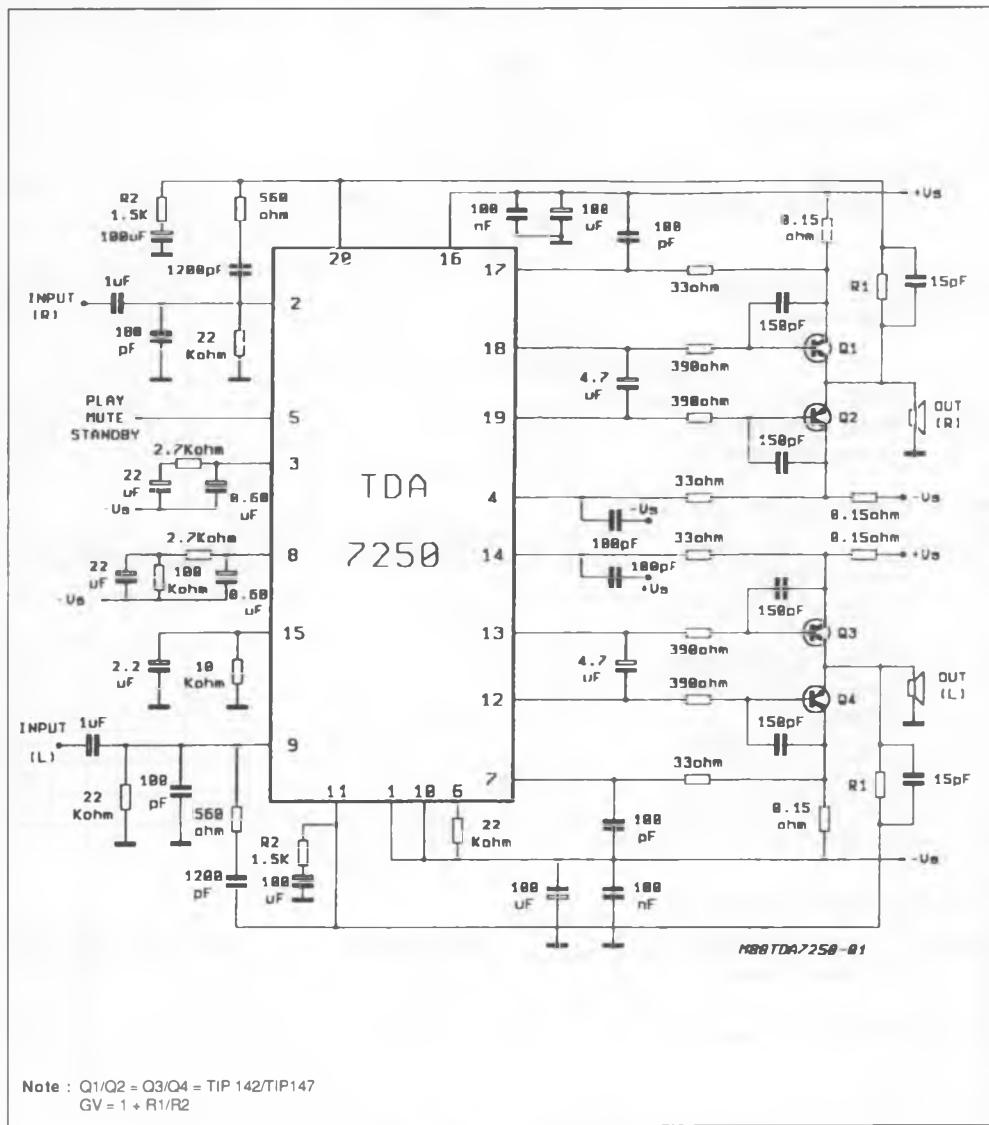
 $f = 1\text{ kHz}$  ; $d = 0.1\%$  ; $G_v = 26\text{ dB}$ .(\*\*) Referred to  $-V_s$ .
**CURRENT SURVEY CIRCUITRY**

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
	Comparator Reference	$to + V_s$ $to - V_s$	0.8 0.8	1 1	1.4 1.4	V V
$t_d$	Delay Time		10			μs

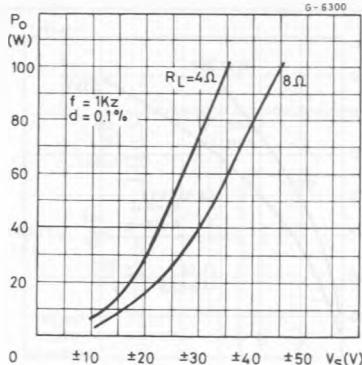
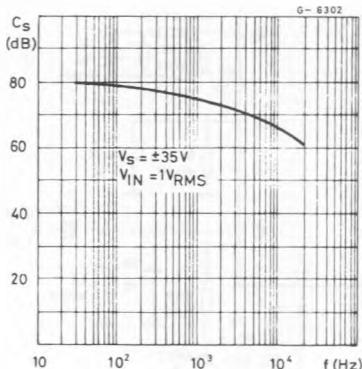
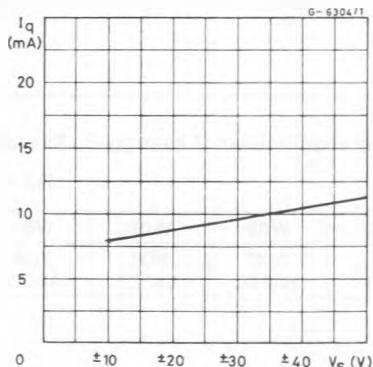
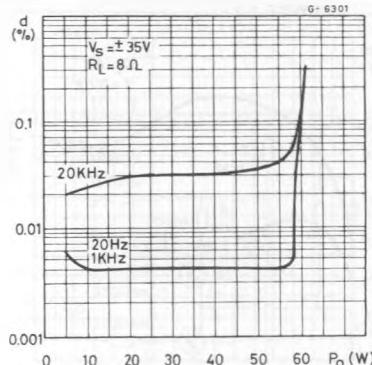
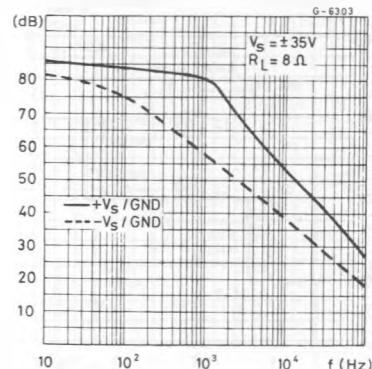
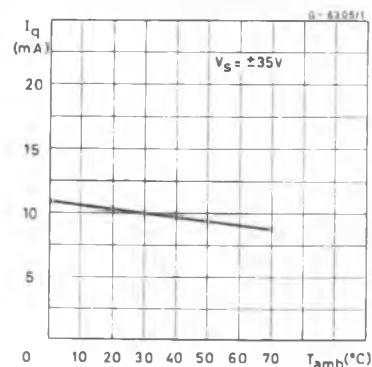
## QUIESCENT CURRENT CONTROL

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
	Capacitor Current	Charge	30	60		$\mu\text{A}$
		Discharge	250	500		$\mu\text{A}$
	Comparator Reference	$\text{to } + V_S$	10	20	25	$\text{mV}$
		$\text{to } - V_S$		10		$\text{mV}$

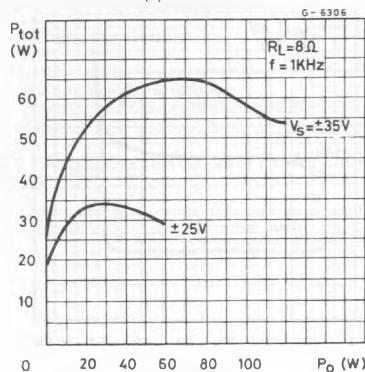
**Figure 1** : Application Circuit with Power Darlingtons.



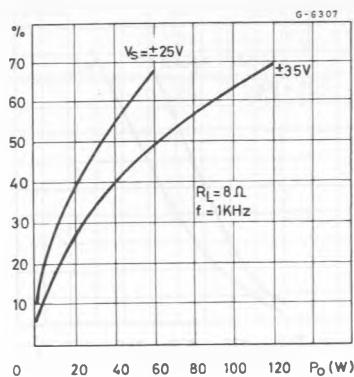
Note :  $Q_1/Q_2 = Q_3/Q_4 = TIP\ 142/TIP147$   
 $GV = 1 + B_1/B_2$

**Figure 2 : Output Power vs. Supply Voltage.****Figure 4 : Channel Separation.****Figure 6 : Quiescent Current vs. Supply Voltage.****Figure 3 : Distortion vs. Output Power (\*).****Figure 5 : Supply Voltage Rejection vs. Frequency.****Figure 7 : Quiescent Current vs. T<sub>amb</sub>.**

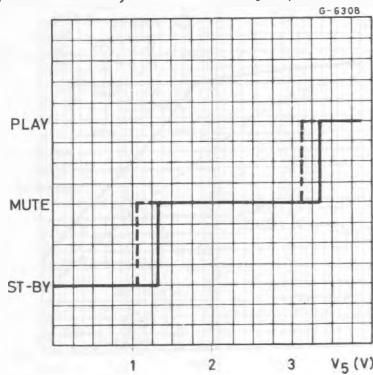
**Figure 8 :** Total Dissipated Power vs. Output Power  $P_O$  (\*).



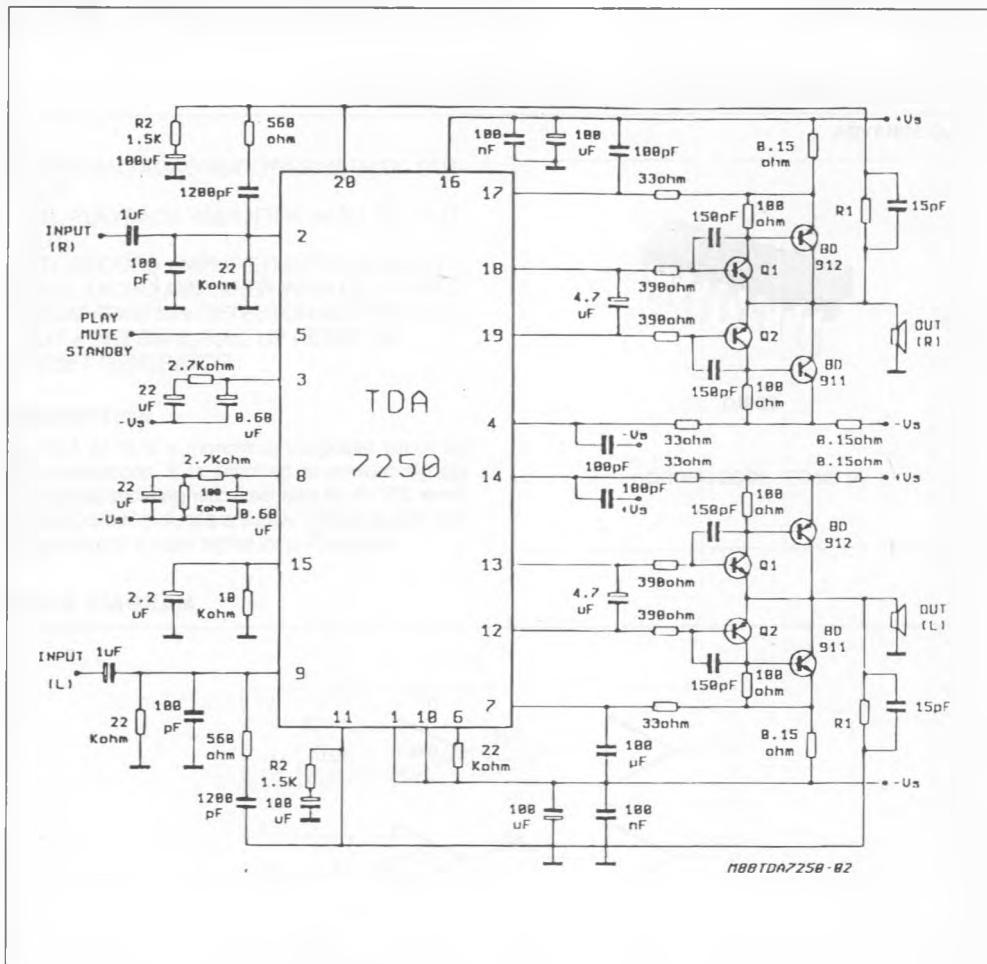
**Figure 9 :** Efficiency vs. Output Power (\*).



**Figure 10 :** Play-mute Standby Operation.



**Figure 11 :** Application Circuit Using Power Transistors.



**Figure 12 :** Suggested Transistor Types for Various Loads and Powers

$$R_L = 8 \Omega$$

$$R_L = 4 \Omega$$

15W	30W	50W	70W
BDX	BDX	BDW	TIP
53/54A	53/54B	93/94B	142/147

<b>30W</b>	<b>50W</b>	<b>90W</b>	<b>130W</b>
BDW 93/94A	BDW 93/94B	BDV 64/65B	MJ 11013/11014