TECHNICAL NOTE



STV5730 OSD CHIP EVALUATION GUIDE

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I - OVERVIEW OF THIS DOCUMENT

The objective of this evaluation guide is to provide a guick and easy instruction manual for displaying OSD text with the STV5730 and its demonstration software. Six basic demonstration pages of text have been created which are intended to show some of the main features of the STV5730. These pages (context files) can be used as a basis for further detailed evaluation of the device by entering the "modify RAM registers" mode.

II - SUMMARY OF STV5730 FUNCTIONS

- 11 rows consisting of 28 characters ; thus 308 characters per page maximum.
- 128 different user definable characters can be stored in ROM.
- Output signals :
 - Composite video : Video IN+text(translucent)-All standards Video IN+text(opaque)-PAL/NTSC
 - RGB+Fb-corresponding to entire text page
 - Co-digital output corresponding to text info

- Csync- currently active sync(extracted from video IN or internally generated)
- MUTE-monitors quality of video IN sync signal
- Character Attributes
- one of 8 colours
- character border and backround
- character blinking
- Line (row) Attributes
 - line horizontal offset
 - line vertical offset
 - line hide/show
 - background ON/OFF
 - character border ON/OFF
 - line zoom (x1, x2, x3, x4 for both X and Y coordinates) 3 different zoom factors for lines 1, 2 to 10 and 11
- Page Attributes
 - horizontal and vertical offsets
 - screen color background color character border color
 - clean color encoding (CCE)
 - blinking frequency and duty cycle

Page

- Three Basic Operating Modes
 - Mixed mode : text page is displayed over the incoming video signal either in B/W or transparently (some Video IN visible behind text). Alternatively, coloured OSD is available from the RGB outputs for external insertion by the fast blanking signal.
 - Full page mode : The STV5730 outputs an entire frame with internally generated vertical/horizontal synchronisation. In this mode, the CVBS outputs the screen, background and text in colour (PAL or NTSC encoded).
 - Video full page mode : color (CVBS) text is superimposed on unsynchronized Video IN background. This mode is useful for manual/automatic channel search functions.

In both the above cases, character positions are referenced to an internal line blanking pulse. The stability of this pulse (and hence text stability) in mixed mode, is guaranteed by the use of a digitally

Figure 1 : STV5730 Evaluation Connection Diagram

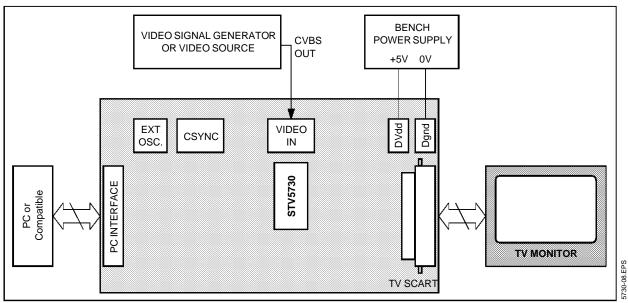
controled line PLL.

III - GETTING STARTED

For the OSD demo/evaluation, the following equipment is required :

- STV5730 evaluation board (supplied)
- STV5730 PC control software diskette (supplied)
- PC parallel port interface cable (male to female)
- PC or compatible
- Television monitor (multistandard)
- SCART type connection to TV
- Video signal pattern generator or video source (VCR, Sat Receiver, etc...)
- +5V power supply

The connection diagram (see Figure 1) shows how the evaluation board must be connected. Please ensure that the evaluation board switches are set to the positions given in Figure 2.



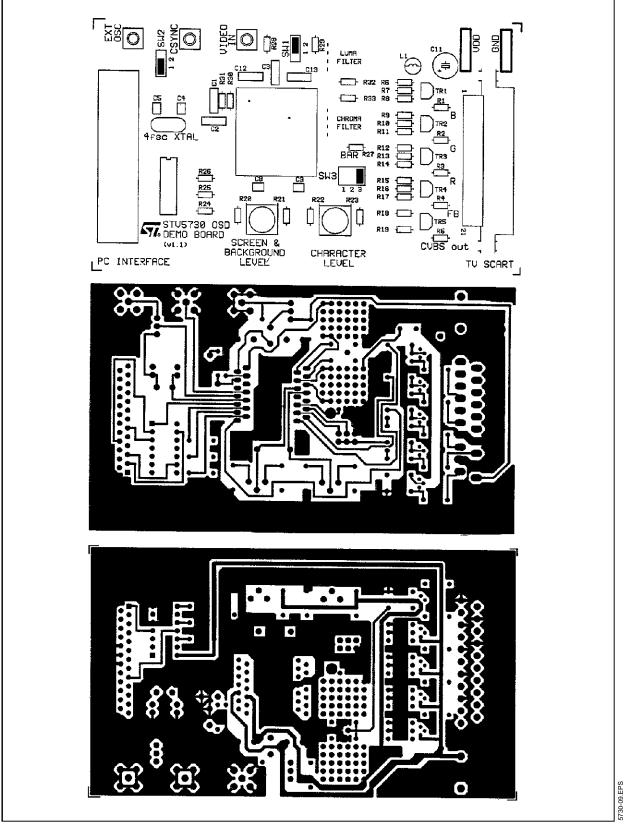
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Figure 2 : STV5730 Evaluation Board Diagram



Installing the Software

After all the interconnections have been made, the +5V to the pcb can be switched ON, and all other equipment turned ON.

- 1. Insert the STV5730 demo program diskette, and using the DOS command, set the PC to the relevant disk drive. Eg. [B:] + **RTN**
- 2. Type [cd STV5730] + **RTN**,
- then type [STV5730] + RTN

This will locate the appropriate directory and load the STV5730 PC control executable file .EXE. At this point, if any PC interface connection errors are encountered, (or the evaluation board supplies have not been set), the program will fail to load since a connection test is performed at the beginning of the program. If this occurs, please check the interface and retry.

A main menu consisting of 10 different choices will be displayed on the PC monitor, and the program will prompt for a number (1 to 10) to be entered to perform one of the menu functions : see Figure 3.

3. STV5730 Initialization

In order that the STV5730 registers be cleared and set to a given condition, an initialisation sequence is required. A specific context file has been written to perform this function, and is loaded as follows :

- a. Type [5] + **RTN**. This resets registers to 0
- b. Type [3] + RTN. This enters the "load context" function

c. Type [INIT.DAT] + RTN. This loads the context file INIT.DAT, and sets the STV5730 registers.

Now, The Video IN signal (from the pattern generator or video source) should be displayed on the TV monitor. We can now proceed with the demo, which summarizes most of the STV5730 features and operation modes combined in 6 pages of text.

Figure 3 : Menu Functions

- 1 : Modify RAM to change character attributes or create text page
- 2 : Modify Registers to change operation modes, page and row attributes, etc.
- 3 : Load Context to display .DAT text page files
- 4 : Save Context to save modified .DAT files (or new text pages)
- 5 : Reset to reset the STV5730 registers (see 3. STV5730 initialization)
- 6 : Stop Quartz to stop on-board crystal oscillator (to reduce polution when OSD is not displayed)
- 7 : Setup to select data entry possibilities (HEX or binary), etc.
- 8 : Application Example a simulation of a typical OSD menu system controlled from a remote control
- 9 : Mute Test to simulate the Mute signal controlling the mode full page or mixed
- 10: Quit to exit program.

IV - PC SOFTWARE STEP BY STEP STV5730 FEATURES DEMO

- 1. Type [3] + RTN, then type [DEMO1.DAT] + RTN
 - This will display a demo title page in mixed-mode (i.e. superimposed on the Video IN signal).
- Type [3] + RTN, then type [DEMO2.DAT] + RTN
 This will display a message showing the 128 different characters stored in the default character set This time in full-page mode.
- Type [3] + RTN, then type [DEMO3.DAT] + RTN This page shows the horizontal line offset capability of the STV5730 (this time in transparent mixed mode).
- 4. Type [3] + RTN, then type [DEMO4.DAT] + RTN This page shows the vertical line offset feature, and could be used to create a scrolling effect. This page is displayed in video full page mode, where the video IN signal can be seen (unsynchronized) behind the text.
- Type [3] + RTN, then type [DEMO5.DAT] + RTN This page shows the STV5730 zoom feature in full-page mode. The screen is now replaced by an uniform colour
- Type [3] + RTN, then type [DEMO6.DAT] + RTN This page shows the use of character backround and "blinking" characters.
- 7. Type [3] + **RTN**, then type [CBAR1.DAT] + **RTN** This page shows a colour bar pattern generated by the STV5730 in CVBS.



V - MODES/FUNCTIONS DESCRIPTION

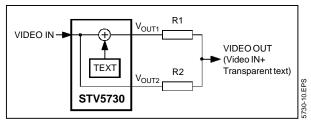
1. Transparent mode operation

(in mixed-mode only):

This feature allows the viewer to display the text but with an amount of the Video IN signal slightly visible behind the text page. This feature apart from giving a pleasing visual effect, allows SECAM mode operation by providing the necessary chrominance reinsertion during the text periods (see Figure 4).

This feature is performed by connecting ratioed resistors between the two CVBS outputs as shown in Figure 4. The resistor ratio can control the degree of transparency.

Figure 4



This mode can be bus controlled simply by setting the VOUT2 Pin to either "low Z" for "transparent" mode, or to "high Z" for normal (black/white) mixed mode text.

2. RGB Mode Operation :

So far, we have looked at only the CVBS output signals. Now we can display the text full-page in RGB simply by switching the Fb signal output of the STV5730 to the scart connector output (using SWITCH 3).

Obviously, this feature will require a TV that has an external RGB input capability.

In full-page mode, the page (screen) backround is provided by the CVBS output, and its colour is encoded in PAL/NTSC.

The RGB mode is performed on the evaluation board by replacing the SWITCH 3 jumper to position 1, shown in Figure 2.

A further possibility can be viewed on the evaluation board, by replacing the SWITCH 1 jumper to position 2. In this position, the Co (character output) digital signal controls the text insertion (fast blanking signal). This gives a "three dimentional" type display where each character has its information output in RGB, and simultaneously in CVBS, which has a delay assosiated with its encoding, and subsequent decoding in the TV receiver.

This effect works best on expanded characters (particularly in the X direction) and could be useful for main title type text applications.

To best view this effect, a dedicated text context file page has been created :

Type [3] + **RTN**, then Type [3D.DAT] + **RTN** Remember : This effect can only be viewed if the

TV receiver has an external RGB insertion capability. Also, check that SWITCH 3 is in position 2.

3. External Character and

Background Level Control :

In CVBS mode (i.e. SWITCH 3 returned to position 3) the character and background levels can be controlled independantly by the two potentiometers. Adjusting these potentiometers allow the text and text background to be set from black through to white, allowing "negative" text display if prefered.

Caution : Extremes of potentiometers settings could cause problems with the TV receivers synchronization operation, since these levels can be reduced to less than black level.

VI - REGISTER MODIFICATION

After a given context file page has been displayed, we can perform many modifications on the text display or system operation simply by entering the second menu item - MODIFY REGISTERS :

Type [2] + **RTN**

A sub-menu will now be displayed which allows the user to select the required RAM register for modification simply by entering the appropriate letter : eg. Video register : Type [V] + RTN

The current data will now be displayed, and the program will prompt for new data (three digits in hexadecimal form) to be entered. After the required data has been input ; eg. [020] + **RTN**, the RAM register is updated (in this case +6dB output gain is selected).

When this is complete, before new data can be written, the relevant register selection must be performed (even if writing to the same register).

This part of the program may be exit (i.e. returned to main menu) simply by pressing **RTN** when asked to make a register selection.

When returning to the main menu, it may be useful to save the modified text page. This can be performed by selecting the "SAVE CONTEXT" function as follows : Type [4] + **RTN**

*At this point, the program will prompt for a file name, date and comment (if required).

When this is completed, the program will save the data in the allocated context file.



Register Menu

The following registers can be modified using the STV5730 PC control program :

- 0 to 10 : Row attributes
- Z : Zoom register
- C : Color register
- R : Raster (control) register
- P : Position register
- M : Mode register

For easy register content modification, a description of the 12 bit word content for each register is given.

VII - REGISTER DESCRIPTION

VII.1 - Row attributes (rows 0 to 10)

Write to addresses: 0000 1100 0000 to 0000 1100 1010 for each respectively

11	10	9	8		7	6	5	4		3	2	1	0		
HPOS OFFSET					RE	FBE					VPOS OFFSET				
First hex digit						Second	hex digit		Third hex digit						
VPOS (OFFSET	then dow rule:	the co nwards s. If the	rresp). Th offse	oonding ese ext et is neg	number ra lines ative (fro	of lines are colo	are ado ored acc -17), the	ded ordi	on top ng to th	of the ro le chara	ow (i.e. i cter bac	to +17), t moves kground r of lines		
FBE							displaye displaye								
RE			RE = 0 : the characters of the row are not displayed. RE = 1 : They are replaced by the page background color. the characters of the row are displayed.												
HPOS (OFFSET		display n 0 to 1		ne row i	s shifteo	d to the	right by	the	corresp	onding r	number o	of pixels		
Example : Please load DEMO1.DAT ; Enter menu item 2 (modify registers). To access the row to be modified, enter a digit 0 to 10. Eg1.Type [0] + RTN , the [080] + RTN															
F	This v g2.Type						lay will s	how the	first	line of t	ext with	outborde	ər.		
L					/ill disap										
E	g3.Type This t					move ho	orizontal	ly and v	ertic	ally.					
* Type PTN to exit to main monu															

* Type RTN to exit to main menu



VII.2 - Zoom register

Write to addresses : 0000 1100 1100 11 10 9 8 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 7 VZb1 HZb1 V7t0 HZt1 VZb0 HZb0 VZm1 VZm0 HZm1 HZm0 VZt1 HZt0 First hex digit Third hex digit Second hex digit HZt[1:0] : Top row horizontal zoom factor (ie row 0) HZt[1:0] = 00 : 1 pixel per character dot 01 : 2 pixels per character dot 10 : 3 pixels per character dot 11 : 4 pixels per character dot VZt[1:0] : Top row vertical zoom factor VZt[1:0] = 00 : 1 pixel per character line 01 : 2 pixels per character line 10 : 3 pixels per character line 11 : 4 pixels per character line HZm[1:0] : Same as HZt[1:0], for middle rows (ie rows 1 to 9) VZm[1:0] : Same as VZt[1:0], for middle rows HZb[1:0] : Same as HZt[1:0], for bottom row (ie row 10)

VZb[1:0] : Same as VZt[1:0], for bottom row

This register is validated by the first line sync pulse immediately after it is written.

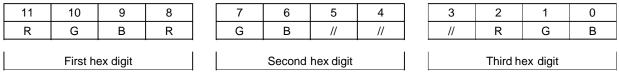
Example : Please load DEMO5.DAT ; Enter menu item 2 (modify registers)

Eg.Now press [Z] + RTN, the [00F] + RTN

The display will shows the top row of text expanded to the maximum (X4,Y4) whilst the other two lines return to the minimum size.

VII.3 - Color register

Write to addresses : 0000 1100 1101



SBC : Screen background color

FBC : Character border color

BCC : Character background color

This register is validated by the first line sync pulse immediately after it is written.

* Note : The character foreground color is defined in the RAM register.

Example : Please load DEMO2.DAT; Type [2] + RTN to acess the modify register program.

Eg.Type [C] + **RTN**, the [601] + **RTN**

The Text color will remain unchanged, but the screen will now become green, and the character background will be blue.



Write to	o addres	ses:000	00 1100	111(C										
11	10	9	8		7	6	5	4		3	2	1	0		
C11	C10	C9	C8		C7	C6	C5	C4		C3	C2	C1	C0		
	First h	ex digit			Second hex digit					Third hex digit					
C0		0 : mixe 1 : full pa		le											
C1		0 : the cl 1 : all dis								aracter v	vord des	cription)			
C2		0 : displa 1 : displa													
C3		1 : the cl attrib	es (i.e. 0 haracter ute value	CBA fore e (se	CKG and eground,	d CBOR border raph 1.2	D) and bac). This c	kgrounc option is	l colc	ors are a		the char	acter		
C4		0 : 1.0 s 1 : 0.5 s													
C[6:5]	: C[6:5	01	: 0.75 : 0.51	5 blin blink	off Iking dut Sing duty Iking dut	cycle									
C7											t on the				
C8		0 : the st 1 : the st					th M6 =	0, 50Hz	Z						
C9		0 : chara 1 : chara													
C10		= 0 : the = 1 : the							REEN	l and LE	ECHAR i	nput pin	s.		
C11		0 : Vide bacł 1 : Nori	kground	is th	e unlocł	ked vide	o input s		ext is	s display	/ed while	e the scr	een		
The out this reg	utput of th			-				ync (exc	ept C	C7). The	RESET	messag	e clears		
Examp	ole : Plea	se load I	DEMO1.	DAT	「; Type	[2] + RT	N to mo	dify regi	sters						
		page wil	l now be	dis	played ir	n full pag	ge mode	, and th	e "S1	rv5730'	' will not	blink.			
	back limits	the disp ground a the colo ubled, a	lay will h and bord or transi nd the d	iave ler b tions uty o	the clea ecometl s, to give cycle inv	r color e nat of the a more erted.	e progra	mmed c	olorc	of each c	characte	r. This ef	fectively		
	This repla and t	time the aced by a the intern ffect).	Text wil an unsyr	l be hchr	displaye onized v	ed in vide ideo IN :	signal. A	lso the	chara	acter co	lor enco	ding is d	lisabled,		

VII.4 - Control register (raster register) Write to addresses : 0000 1100 1110



	9 8	7		-	4		0	2	4	•		
11 10	9 8 ERTCAL POSI	7 TION	6	5			3 ONTAI	∠ POSITIO	1 N	0		
						<u> </u>	<u></u>					
First hex			Second					Third h	ex digit			
		Any value fro										
/ERTICAL POSI ⁻ This register is va		Any value from	m 1 to 63									
Example : Please			[2] + RT	to acc	ess the	modif	v reais	ter menu	J			
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] + RTN, the xt will now be			mum po	sition b	oth ho	orizonta	ally and v	vertically	/.		
his register is us									,			
/II.6 - Mode regi	etor											
Vrite to addresse		0000										
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M11 M10	M9 M8	M7	M6	M5	M4	1 -	M3	M2	M1	MO		
First hex	diait		Second	hex diait	digit Third hex digit							
	the BAR pin	is disabled										
	the BAR pin		n on the l	ine PLL								
	the missing											
N 4 4												
	the missing s			ted								
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This register is validated as it is written.

Example : Please load DEMO3.DAT ; Type [2] + RTN to display modify register menu

Eg.Type [M] + RTN, then [180] + RTN

Now the Text will change to B/W mixed mode with 0dB gain.

* Note : A majority of the bit Functions in this register are dedicated to the analog signal processing functions, such as sync extraction/reinsertion or "MUTE" output optimization. They can not be easily demonstrated, since they are intended to optimize the STV5730 performance in noisy environments (off-channel tunning) or VCR applications, for example.



VIII - RAM MODIFICATION

After a given context file page has been displayed, it is possible to modify the RAM context by entering the second menu item - MODIFY RAM : Type [1] + **RTN**.

A submenu will be displayed allowing easy selection of the character requiring modification.

Firstly, the modify RAM program will ask for the OSD line number . This is the actual row 0 to 10 (11 rows per page !) that the character is to be displayed on : Enter \rightarrow 0 x 0 to 0 x A.

Then the program prompts for the horizontal number. This is the actual character position on a given line location from 0 to 27 (28 characters per row !) : Enter \rightarrow 0 x 0 to 01B.

Following this data input, the current RAM contents are displayed :

- RAM : XXX. This gives the write pointer data (see datasheet 2.2).
- Current value : XXX. This gives the current character attributes data.
- Enter new data : -

The new data must be entered using three hex digits, conforming to :

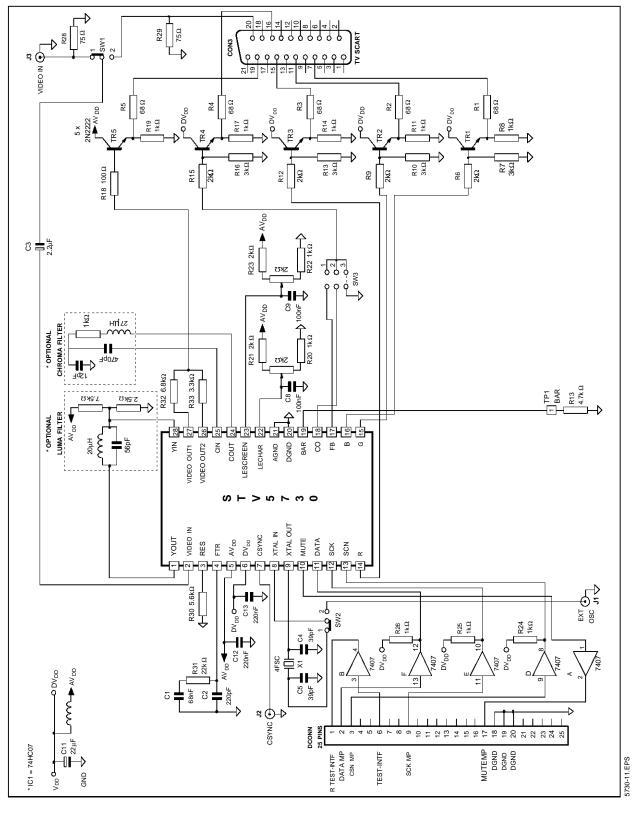
				_	-	-		-	_				
11	10	9	8		7	6	5	4		3	2	1	0
BE	R	G	В		BK	CHARACTER CODE							
First hex digit						Second hex digit Third hex digit						ex digit	
CHARA	CTER C	ODE :	1 chara	cter	out of 1	28 from	the cha	racter R	ОМ				
BK		:				ink disal ink enat							
R/G/B		:	Charac 000 001 010 011 100 101 110 111	blad blue gre cya red	ck e en n genta ow								
BE							disabled enabled						
In the or	nondiv				•				a tha	charao	haraada		~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ d

In the appendix there is the table of the standard ROM characters with the character code value expressed in hexadecimal (see Figure 6).



IX - ELECTRICAL SCHEMATIC

Figure 5



SGS-THOMSON MICROELECTRONICS

X - APPENDIX

Figure 6

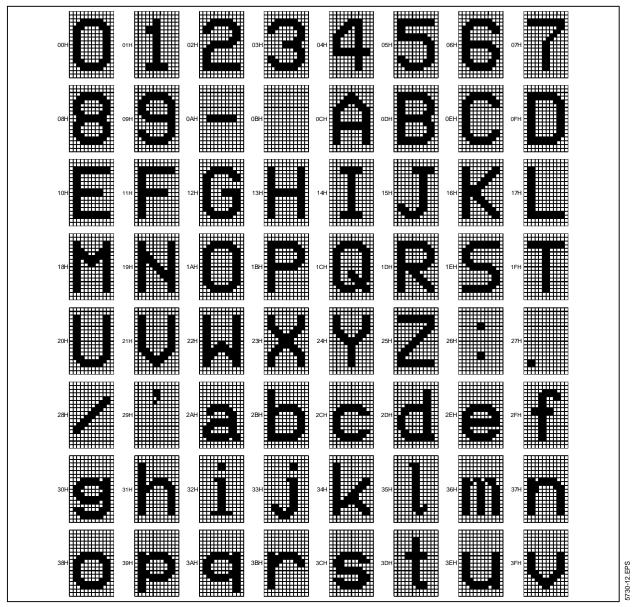
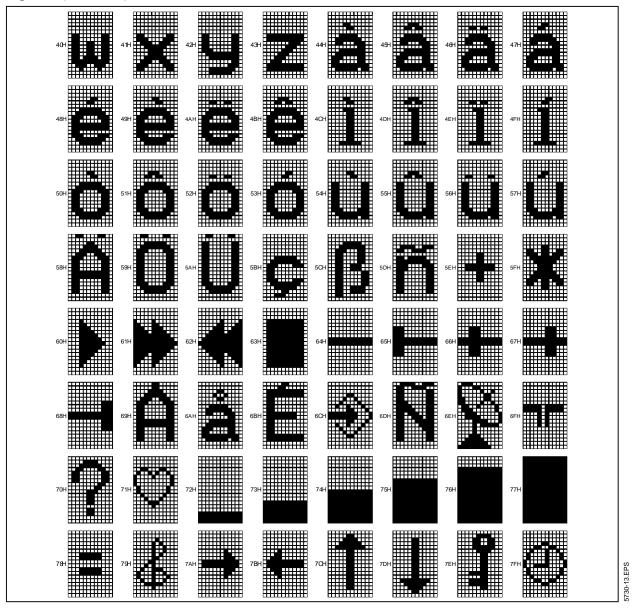




Figure 6 (continued)



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