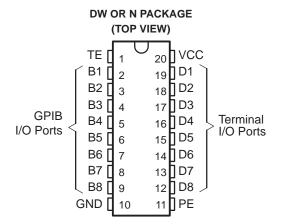
- Meets IEEE Standard 488-1978 (GPIB)
- 8-Channel Bidirectional Transceiver
- Power-Up/Power-Down Protection (Glitch Free)
- High-Speed, Low-Power Schottky Circuitry
- Low Power Dissipation . . . 72 mW Max Per Channel
- Fast Propagation Times . . . 22 ns Max
- High-Impedance pnp Inputs
- Receiver Hysteresis . . . 650 mV Typ
- Open-Collector Driver Output Option
- No Loading of Bus When Device Is Powered Down (V_{CC} = 0)



description

The SN75160B 8-channel general-purpose interface bus (GPIB) transceiver is a monolithic, high-speed, low-power Schottky device designed for two-way data communications over single-ended transmission lines. It is designed to meet the requirements of IEEE Standard 488-1978. The transceiver features driver outputs that can be operated in either the passive-pullup or 3-state mode. If talk enable (TE) is high, these ports have the characteristics of passive-pullup outputs when pullup enable (PE) is low and of 3-state outputs when PE is high. Taking TE low places these ports in the high-impedance state. The driver outputs are designed to handle loads up to 48 mA of sink current.

Output glitches during power up and power down are eliminated by an internal circuit that disables both the bus and receiver outputs. The outputs do not load the bus when $V_{CC} = 0$. When combined with the SN75161B or SN75162B management bus transceivers, the pair provides the complete 16-wire interface for the IEEE-488 bus.

The SN75160B is characterized for operation from 0°C to 70°C.

Function Tables

EACH DRIVER							
	OUTPUT						
D	D TE PE						
Н	Н	Н	Н				
L	Н	Χ	L				
Н	Χ	L	z†				
Х	L	Χ	z†				

EACH RECEIVER						
INPUTS						
B TE PE						
L	Х	L				
L	X	Н				
Н	Χ	Z				
	INPUTS	TE PE L X L X				

H = high level, L = low level, X = irrelevant, Z = high impedance

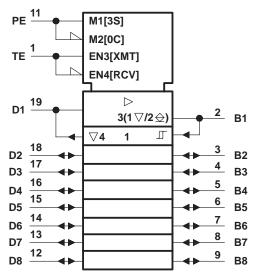


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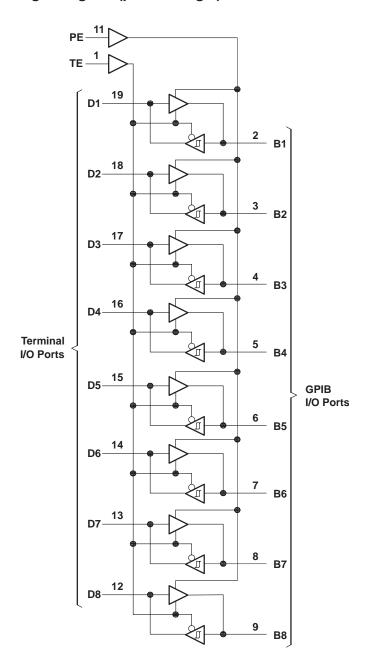
[†] This is the high-impedance state of a normal 3-state output modified by the internal resistors to V_{CC} and GND.

logic symbol†



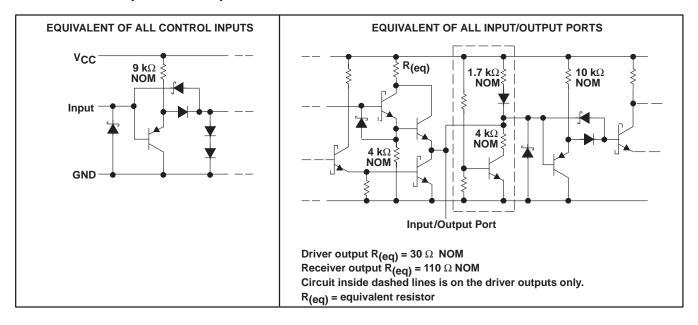
- † This symbol is in accordance with ANSI/IEEE Std 91-1984 and IEC Publication 617-12.
- □ Designates 3-state outputs

logic diagram (positive logic)





schematics of inputs and outputs



absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)†

Supply voltage, V _{CC} (see Note 1)	7 V
Input voltage, V _I	
Low-level driver output current, I _{OL}	100 mA
Continuous total power dissipation	See Dissipation Rating Table
Operating free-air temperature range, T _A	0°C to 70°C
Storage temperature range, T _{stq}	65°C to 150°C
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds	260°C

[†] Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

NOTES: 1. All voltage values are with respect to network ground terminal.

DISSIPATION RATING TABLE

PACKAGE	$T_{\mbox{A}} \le 25^{\circ}\mbox{C}$ POWER RATING	DERATING FACTOR ABOVE T _A = 25°C	T _A = 70°C POWER RATING		
DW	1125 mW	9.0 mW/°C	720 mW		
N	1150 mW	9.2 mW/°C	736 mW		



SN75160B **OCTAL GENERAL-PURPOSE** INTERFACE BUS TRANSCEIVER SLLS004B - OCTOBER 1985 - REVISED MAY 1995

recommended operating conditions

		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
Supply voltage, V _{CC}			5	5.25	V
High-level input voltage, V _{IH}					V
Low-level input voltage, V _{IL}				0.8	V
High lovel output current love	Bus ports with pullups active			-5.2	mA
High-level output current, IOH	Terminal ports			-800	μΑ
Low-level output current, I _{OL}	Bus ports Terminal ports			48	mA
Low-level output current, IOL				16	IIIA
Operating free-air temperature, T _A				70	°C

electrical characteristics over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER			TEST CONDITIONS			TYP [†]	MAX	UNIT	
VIK	Input clamp voltage		$I_{I} = -18 \text{ mA}$			-0.8	-1.5	V	
V _{hys}	Hysteresis voltage (V _{IT+} - V _{IT-})	Bus	See Figure 8			0.65		V	
Va	High-level output voltage	Terminal	$I_{OH} = -800 \mu A$	TE at 0.8 V	2.7	3.5		V	
VOH	riigii-ievei output voitage	Bus	$I_{OH} = -5.2 \text{ mA},$	PE and TE at 2 V	2.5	3.3		V 	
VOL	Low-level output voltage	Terminal	I _{OL} = 16 mA, TE at 0.8 V I _{OL} = 48 mA, TE at 2 V			0.3	0.5	V	
VOL	Low-level output voltage	Bus				0.35	0.5	v	
łį	Input current at maximum input voltage	Terminal	V _I = 5.5 V	V _I = 5.5 V		0.2	100	μΑ	
I _{IH}	High-level input current	Terminal	V _I = 2.7 V			0.1	20	μΑ	
I _I L	Low-level input current	Terminal	V _I = 0.5 V			-10	-100	μΑ	
Vivor	Voltage at bus port		Driver disabled	$I_{I(bus)} = 0$	2.5	3.0	3.7	V	
VI/O(bus)				$I_{I(bus)} = -12 \text{ mA}$			-1.5	V	
	Current into bus port	Power on	Driver disabled	$V_{I(bus)} = -1.5 \text{ V to } 0.4 \text{ V}$	-1.3				
				$V_{I(bus)} = 0.4 \text{ V to } 2.5 \text{ V}$	0		-3.2		
II/O(bus)				V _{I(bus)} = 2.5 V to 3.7 V			2.5 -3.2	mA	
, ,				V _{I(bus)} = 3.7 V to 5 V	0		2.5		
				V _{I(bus)} = 5 V to 5.5 V	0.7		2.5		
		Power off	$V_{CC} = 0$,	$V_{I(bus)} = 0 \text{ to } 2.5 \text{ V}$			-40	1	
la a	Chart aircuit autaut aurrant	Terminal			-15	-35	-75	A	
los	Short-circuit output current	Bus			-25	-50	-125	mA	
Icc	Supply current		No load	Receivers low and enabled		70	90	mA	
			INO IOAU	Drivers low and enabled		85	110	IIIA	
C _{I/O(bus)}	Bus-port capacitance		$V_{CC} = 0 \text{ to 5 V},$ f = 1 MHz	$V_{I/O} = 0 \text{ to } 2 \text{ V},$		16		pF	

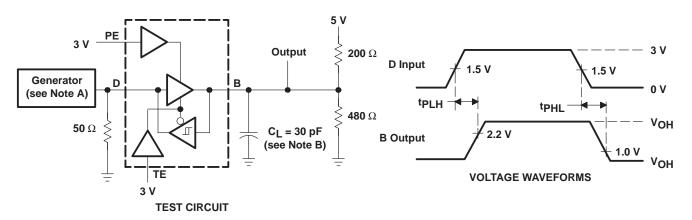
[†] All typical values are at $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$.



switching characteristics, V_{CC} = 5 V, C_L = 15 pF, T_A = 25°C (unless otherwise noted)

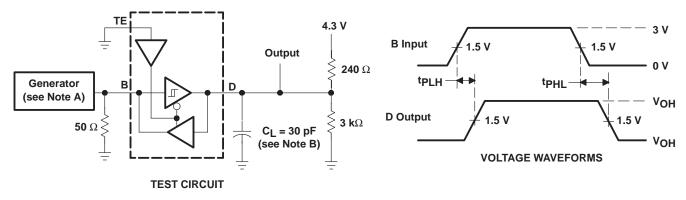
	PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
tPLH	Propation delay time, low- to high-level output	Terminal	Bus	C _L = 30 pF, See Figure 1		14	20	ns
t _{PHL}	Propagation delay time, high- to low-level output	Terminal				14	20	
tPLH	Propagation delay time, low- to high-level output	Bus	Terminal	C _L = 30 pF,		10	20	ns
tPHL	Propagation delay time, high- to low-level output			See Figure 2		15	22	115
tPZH	Output enable time to high level	TE	BUS			25	35	ns
tPHZ	Output disable time from high level			See Figure 3		13	22	
tPZL	Output enable time to low level			See Figure 3		22	35	
tPLZ	Output disable time from low level					22	32	
tPZH	Output enable time to high level					20	30	
tPHZ	Output disable time from high level]	Terminal	Coo Figure 4		12	20	
tPZL	Output enable time to low level	TE	reminai	See Figure 4		23	32	ns
tPLZ	Output disable time from low level					19	30	
t _{en}	Output pullup enable time	PE	Bus	Soo Figuro F		15	22	no
tdis	Output pullup disable time] 「「	Dus	See Figure 5		13	20	ns

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



- NOTES: A. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: PRR \leq 1 MHz, 50% duty cycle, $t_{\Gamma} \leq$ 6 ns, $t_{f} \leq$ ns, $Z_{O} =$ 50 Ω .
 - B. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

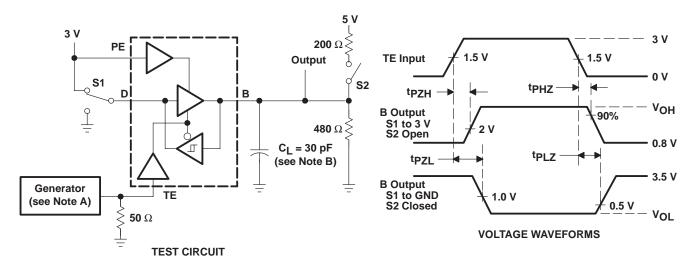
Figure 1. Terminal-to-Bus Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



- NOTES: A. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: PRR \leq 1 MHz, 50% duty cycle, $t_{\Gamma} \leq$ 6 ns, $t_{f} \leq$ ns, $Z_{O} = 50 \Omega$.
 - B. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

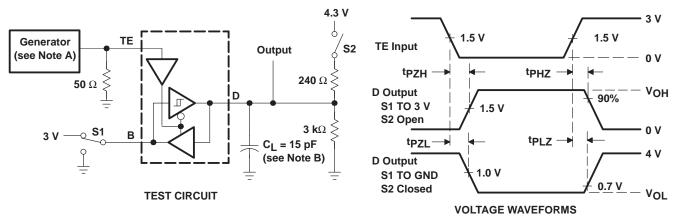
Figure 2. Bus-to-Terminal Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



- NOTES: A. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: PRR \leq 1 MHz, 50% duty cycle, $t_{\Gamma} \leq$ 6 ns, $t_{\tilde{\Gamma}} \leq$ ns, $z_{\tilde{C}} =$ 50 Ω .
 - B. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

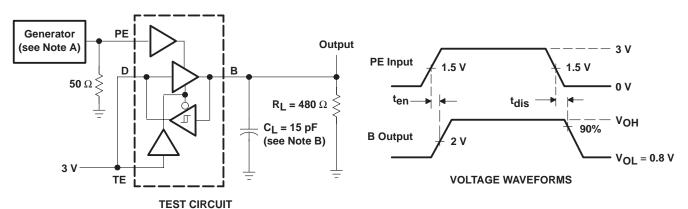
Figure 3. TE-to-Bus Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



- NOTES: A. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: PRR \leq 1 MHz, 50% duty cycle, $t_{\Gamma} \leq$ 6 ns, $t_{f} \leq$ ns, $Z_{O} = 50 \Omega$.
 - B. CL includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 4. TE-to-Terminal Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



NOTES: A. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: PRR \leq 1 MHz, 50% duty cycle, $t_f \leq$ 6 ns, $t_f \leq$ ns, $t_O = 50 \Omega$.

B. CL includes probe and jig capacitance.

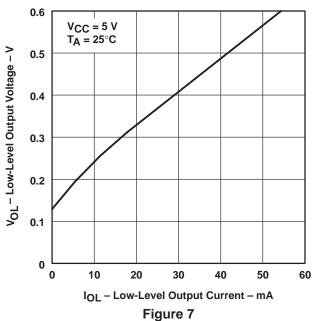
Figure 5. PE-to-Bus Pullup Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



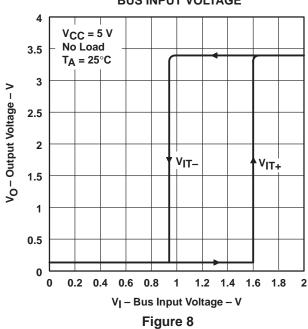
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

TERMINAL I/O PORTS HIGH-LEVEL OUTPUT VOLTAGE vs **HIGH-LEVEL OUTPUT CURRENT** 4 $V_{CC} = 5 V$ T_A = 25°C 3.5 V_{OH} - High-Level Output Voltage - V 3 2.5 2 1.5 1 0.5 0 0 -5 -10 -15 -20 -25 -30 -35 -40 IOH - High-Level Output Current - mA Figure 6

TERMINAL I/O PORTS LOW-LEVEL OUTPUT VOLTAGE vs LOW-LEVEL OUTPUT CURRENT



TERMINAL I/O PORTS
OUTPUT VOLTAGE
VS
BUS INPUT VOLTAGE

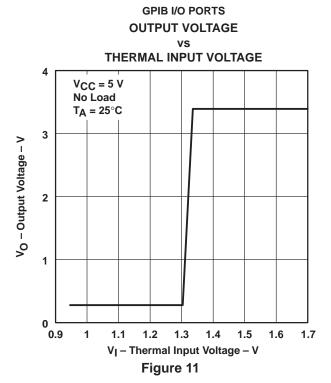




TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

GPIB I/O PORTS HIGH-LEVEL OUTPUT VOLTAGE **HIGH-LEVEL OUTPUT CURRENT** 0 $V_{CC} = 5 V$ $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ VOH - High-Level Output Voltage - V 3 2 0 0 -10-50-20 -40-30-60IOH - High-Level Output Current - mA

Figure 9



GPIB I/O PORTS
LOW-LEVEL OUTPUT VOLTAGE
vs
LOW-LEVEL OUTPUT CURRENT

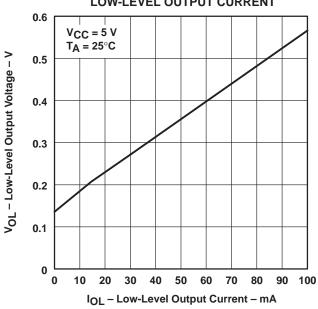
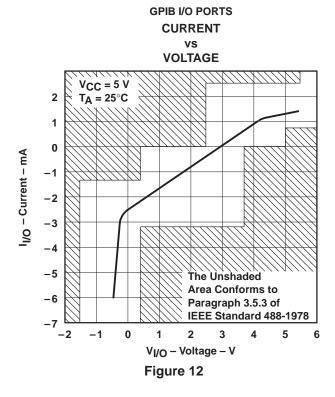


Figure 10





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