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FEATURES

- Member of the Texas Instruments Widebus+™
 Family
- UBT[™] Transceiver Combines D-Type Latches and D-Type Flip-Flops for Operation in Transparent, Latched, Clocked, and Clock-Enabled Modes
- TI-OPC[™] Circuitry Limits Ringing on Unevenly Loaded Backplanes
- OEC[™] Circuitry Improves Signal Integrity and Reduces Electromagnetic Interference
- Bidirectional Interface Between GTLP Signal Levels and LVTTL Logic Levels
- GTLP Buffered CLKAB Signal (CLKOUT)
- LVTTL Interfaces Are 5-V Tolerant
- Medium-Drive GTLP Outputs (50 mA)

- LVTTL Outputs (–24 mA/24 mA)
- GTLP Rise and Fall Times Designed for Optimal Data-Transfer Rate and Signal Integrity in Distributed Loads
- I_{off}, Power-Up 3-State, and BIAS V_{CC} Support Live Insertion
- Bus Hold on A-Port Data Inputs
- Distributed V_{CC} and GND Pins Minimize High-Speed Switching Noise
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 100 mA Per JESD 78, Class II
- ESD Protection Exceeds JESD 22
 - 2000-V Human-Body Model (A114-A)
 - 200-V Machine Model (A115-A)
 - 1000-V Charged-Device Model (C101)

DESCRIPTION/ORDERING INFORMATION

The SN74GTLPH32916 is a medium-drive, 34-bit UBT transceiver that provides LVTTL-to-GTLP and GTLP-to-LVTTL signal-level translation. It allows for transparent, latched, clocked, and clock-enabled modes of data transfer. Additionally, it provides for a copy of CLKAB at GTLP signal levels (CLKOUT) and conversion of a GTLP clock to LVTTL logic levels (CLKIN). The device provides a high-speed interface between cards operating at LVTTL logic levels and a backplane operating at GTLP signal levels. High-speed (about three times faster than standard TTL or LVTTL) backplane operation is a direct result of GTLP's reduced output swing (<1 V), reduced input threshold levels, improved differential input, OEC circuitry, and TI-OPC circuitry. Improved GTLP OEC and TI-OPC circuits minimize bus-settling time and have been designed and tested using several backplane models. The medium drive allows incident-wave switching in heavily loaded backplanes with equivalent load impedance down to 19 Ω .

GTLP is the Texas Instruments derivative of the Gunning Transceiver Logic (GTL) JEDEC standard JESD 8-3. The ac specification of the SN74GTLPH32916 is given only at the preferred higher noise-margin GTLP, but the user has the flexibility of using this device at either GTL ($V_{TT} = 1.2 \text{ V}$ and $V_{REF} = 0.8 \text{ V}$) or GTLP ($V_{TT} = 1.5 \text{ V}$ and $V_{REF} = 1 \text{ V}$) signal levels.

Normally, the B port operates at GTLP signal levels. The A-port and control inputs operate at LVTTL logic levels, but are 5-V tolerant and are compatible with TTL and 5-V CMOS inputs. V_{REF} is the B-port differential input reference voltage.

This device is fully specified for live-insertion applications using I_{off} , power-up 3-state, and BIAS V_{CC} . The I_{off} circuitry disables the outputs, preventing damaging current backflow through the device when it is powered down. The power-up 3-state circuitry places the outputs in the high-impedance state during power up and power down, which prevents driver conflict. The BIAS V_{CC} circuitry precharges and preconditions the B-port input/output connections, preventing disturbance of active data on the backplane during card insertion or removal, and permits true live-insertion capability.

ORDERING INFORMATION

T _A	PACKA	GE ⁽¹⁾	ORDERABLE PART NUMBER	TOP-SIDE MARKING
-40°C to 85°C	LFBGA – GKF	Tape and reel	SN74GTLPH32916KR	GM916

(1) Package drawings, standard packing quantities, thermal data, symbolization, and PCB design guidelines are available at www.ti.com/sc/package.



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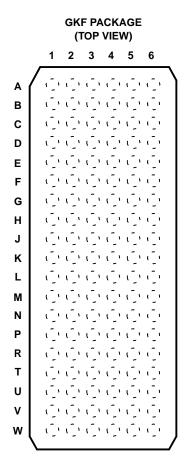


DESCRIPTION/ORDERING INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

This GTLP device features TI-OPC circuitry, which actively limits the overshoot caused by improperly terminated backplanes, unevenly distributed cards, or empty slots during low-to-high signal transitions. This improves signal integrity, which allows adequate noise margin to be maintained at higher frequencies.

Active bus-hold circuitry holds unused or undriven LVTTL data inputs at a valid logic state. Use of pullup or pulldown resistors with the bus-hold circuitry is not recommended.

When V_{CC} is between 0 and 1.5 V, the device is in the high-impedance state during power up or power down. However, to ensure the high-impedance state above 1.5 V, the output-enable (\overline{OE}) input should be tied to V_{CC} through a pullup resistor; the minimum value of the resistor is determined by the current-sinking capability of the driver.





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TERMINAL ASSIGNMENTS(1)

	1	2	3	4	5	6
Α	1A2	1A1	1LEAB	1CLKAB	1B1	1B2
В	1A4	1A3	1 OEAB	1CEAB	1B3	1B4
С	1A6	1A5	GND	GND	1B5	1B6
D	1A8	1A7	1V _{CC}	1BIAS V _{CC}	1B7	1B8
E	1A10	1A9	GND	GND	1B9	1B10
F	1A12	1A11	GND	GND	1B11	1B12
G	1A14	1A13	1V _{CC}	1V _{REF}	1B13	1B14
Н	1A15	1A16	GND	GND	1B16	1B15
J	1A17	1CLKIN	1 OEBA	1CLKBA	1CLKOUT	1B17
K	NC	2LEAB	1LEBA	1CEBA	2CLKAB	NC
L	2A2	2A1	2 OEAB	2CEAB	2B1	2B2
М	2A4	2A3	GND	GND	2B3	2B4
N	2A6	2A5	2V _{CC}	2BIAS V _{CC}	2B5	2B6
Р	2A8	2A7	GND	GND	2B7	2B8
R	2A10	2A9	GND	GND	2B9	2B10
Т	2A12	2A11	2V _{CC}	2V _{REF}	2B11	2B12
U	2A14	2A13	GND	GND	2B13	2B14
V	2A15	2A16	2 OEBA	2CLKBA	2B16	2B15
W	2A17	2CLKIN	2LEBA	2CEBA	2CLKOUT	2B17

⁽¹⁾ NC - No internal connection

FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

The SN74GTLPH32916 is a medium-drive (50 mA), 34-bit UBT transceiver containing D-type latches and D-type flip-flops for data-path operation in transparent, latched, clocked, or clock-enabled modes and can replace any of the functions shown in Table 1. Data polarity is noninverting.

Table 1. SN74GTLPH32916 UBT Transceiver Replacement Functions

FUNCTION	8 BIT	9 BIT	10 BIT	16 BIT	18 BIT
Transceiver	'245, '623, '645	'863	'861	'16245, '16623	'16863
Buffer/driver	'241, '244, '541		'827	'16241, '16244, '16541	'16825
Latched transceiver	'543			'16543	'16472
Latch	'373, '573	'843	'841	'16373	'16843
Registered transceiver	'646, '652			'16646, '16652	'16474
Flip-flop	'374, '574		'821	'16374	
Standard UBT					'16500, '16501
Universal bus driver					'16835
Registered transceiver with clock enable	'2952			'16470, '16952	
Flip-flop with clock enable	'377	'823			'16823
Standard UBT with clock enable					'16600, '16601

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FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION (CONTINUED)

Additionally, it allows for transparent conversion of CLKAB-to-GTLP signal levels (CLKOUT) and CLKOUT-to-LVTTL logic levels (CLKIN).

Data flow in each direction is controlled by clock enables (CEAB and CEBA), latch enables (LEAB and LEBA), clock (CLKAB and CLKBA), and output enables (OEAB and OEBA). CEAB and CEBA enable all 17 bits, and OEAB and OEBA control the 17 bits of data and the CLKOUT/CLKIN buffered clock path for the A-to-B and B-to-A directions, respectively.

For A-to-B data flow, when \overline{CEAB} is low, the device operates on the low-to-high transition of CLKAB for the flip-flop and on the high-to-low transition of LEAB for the latch path, i.e., if \overline{CEAB} and LEAB are low, the A data is latched, regardless of the state of CLKAB (high or low) and if LEAB is high, the device is in transparent mode. When \overline{OEAB} is low, the outputs are active. When \overline{OEAB} is high, the outputs are in the high-impedance state.

The data flow for B to A is similar to A to B, except CEBA, OEBA, LEBA, and CLKBA are used.

FUNCTION TABLES

OUTPUT ENABLE(1)

		INPUTS			оитрит в	MODE
CEAB	OEAB	LEAB	CLKAB	Α	OUIFUIB	MODE
X	Н	X	Χ	X	Z	Isolation
L	L	L	Н	X	B ₀ ⁽²⁾	Latabad atorogo of A data
L	L	L	L	X	B ₀ ⁽³⁾	Latched storage of A data
Х	L	Н	Х	L	L	True transport
X	L	Н	Χ	Н	Н	True transparent
L	L	L	1	L	L	Clasked storess of A data
L	L	L	\uparrow	Н	Н	Clocked storage of A data
Н	L	L	Χ	Χ	B ₀ ⁽³⁾	Clock inhibit

- (1) A-to-B data flow is shown. B-to-A data flow is similar, but uses CEBA, OEBA, LEBA, and CLKBA. The condition when OEAB and OEBA are both low at the same time is not recommended.
- (2) Output level before the indicated steady-state input conditions were established, provided that CLKAB was high before LEAB went low
- (3) Output level before the indicated steady-state input conditions were established

BUFFERED CLOCK

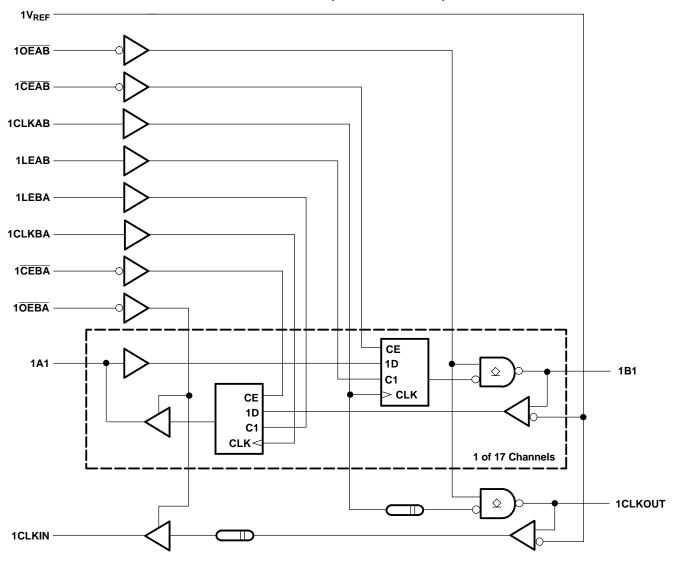
	INP	JTS		OPERATION OR	MODE
CE	LE	OEAB	OEBA	FUNCTION	MODE
X	Χ	Н	Н	Z	Isolation
X	Χ	L	Н	CLKAB to CLKOUT	True delayed clock signal
X	Χ	Н	L	CLKOUT to CLKIN	True delayed clock signal
Х	Х	L	L	CLKAB to CLKOUT, CLKOUT to CLKIN	True delayed clock signal with feedback path (1)

(1) This condition is not recommended.



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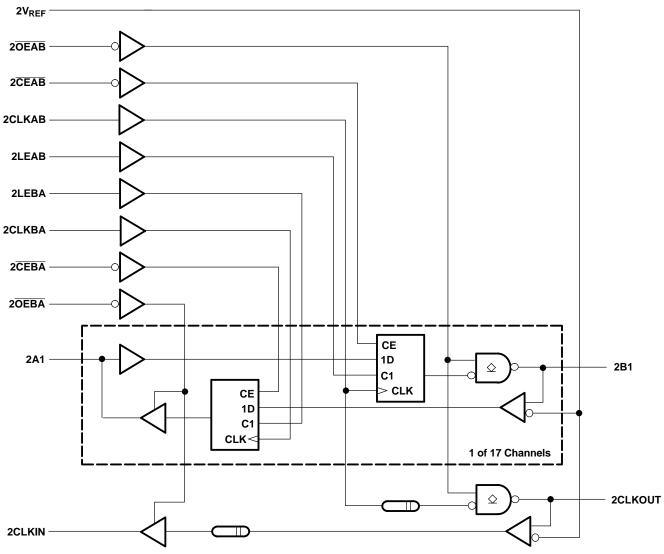
LOGIC DIAGRAM (POSITIVE LOGIC)(1)



(1) $1V_{CC}$ and 1BIAS V_{CC} are associated with these channels.



LOGIC DIAGRAM (POSITIVE LOGIC)(1)(CONTINUED)



(1) $2V_{CC}$ and 2BIAS V_{CC} are associated with these channels.



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Absolute Maximum Ratings⁽¹⁾

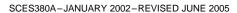
over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V_{CC} BIAS V_{CC}	Supply voltage range		-0.5	4.6	V
V	Innut valtage range (2)	A-port and control inputs	-0.5	7	V
V _I	Input voltage range ⁽²⁾	B port and V _{REF}	-0.5	4.6	V
V	Voltage range applied to any output in the	A port	-0.5	7	V
V _O	high-impedance or power-off state (2)	B port	-0.5	4.6	V
	Compared into any ordered in the law state	A port		48	A
Io	Current into any output in the low state	B port		100	mA
Io	Current into any A-port output in the high stat	e ⁽³⁾		48	mA
	Continuous current through each V _{CC} or GNE)		±100	mA
I _{IK}	Input clamp current	V _I < 0		-50	mA
I _{OK}	Output clamp current	V _O < 0		-50	mA
θ_{JA}	Package thermal impedance ⁽⁴⁾			36	°C/W
T _{stg}	Storage temperature range		-65	150	°C

⁽¹⁾ Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

The input and output negative-voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.

This current flows only when the output is in the high state and $V_{\rm O} > V_{\rm CC}$. The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-7.





Recommended Operating Conditions (1)(2)(3)(4)

			MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT	
V _{CC} , BIAS V _{CC}	Supply voltage		3.15	3.3	3.45	V	
V	Termination valtage	GTL	1.14	1.2	1.26	V	
V_{TT}	Termination voltage	GTLP		1.5	1.65	V	
17	Defended with the	GTL	0.74	0.8	0.87		
V_{REF}	Reference voltage	GTLP	0.87	1	1.1	V	
M	Input voltage	B port			V_{TT}	V	
V _I	Input voltage	Except B port		V _{CC}	5.5	V	
V _{IH}	High lovel input veltege	B port	V _{REF} + 0.05			V	
	High-level input voltage	Except B port	2			v	
17	Law lavel Secret valle as	B port			V _{REF} - 0.05	V	
V_{IL}	Low-level input voltage	Except B port			0.8	V	
I _{IK}	Input clamp current	<u>, </u>			-18	mA	
I _{OH}	High-level output current	A port			-24	mA	
	Laurence and automorphisms of	A port			24	^	
I _{OL}	Low-level output current	B port			50	mA	
Δt/Δν	Input transition rise or fall rate	Outputs enabled			10	ns/V	
$\Delta t/\Delta V_{CC}$	Power-up ramp rate	<u>.</u>	20			µs/V	
T _A	Operating free-air temperature		-40		85	°C	

⁽¹⁾ All unused inputs of the device must be held at V_{CC} or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs, literature number SCBA004.

(3) V_{TT} and R_{TT} can be adjusted to accommodate backplane impedances if the dc recommended I_{OL} ratings are not exceeded.

⁽²⁾ Proper connection sequence for use of the B-port I/O precharge feature is GND and BIAS V_{CC} = 3.3 V first, I/O second, and V_{CC} = 3.3 V last, because the BIAS V_{CC} precharge circuitry is disabled when any V_{CC} pin is connected. The control and V_{REF} inputs can be connected anytime, but normally are connected during the I/O stage. If B-port precharge is not required, any connection sequence is acceptable, but generally, GND is connected first.

⁽⁴⁾ V_{REF} can be adjusted to optimize noise margins, but normally is two-thirds V_{TT}. TI-OPC circuitry is enabled in the A-to-B direction and is activated when V_{TT} > 0.7 V above V_{REF}. If operated in the A-to-B direction, V_{REF} should be set to within 0.6 V of V_{TT} to minimize current drain.



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Electrical Characteristics

over recommended operating free-air temperature range for GTLP (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP ⁽¹⁾	MAX	UNIT
V _{IK}		V _{CC} = 3.15 V,	$I_{I} = -18 \text{ mA}$			-1.2	V
		V _{CC} = 3.15 V to 3.45 V,	$I_{OH} = -100 \ \mu A$	V _{CC} - 0.2			
V_{OH}	A port	V 245.V	$I_{OH} = -12 \text{ mA}$	2.4			V
		V _{CC} = 3.15 V	$I_{OH} = -24 \text{ mA}$	2			
		V _{CC} = 3.15 V to 3.45 V,	I _{OL} = 100 μA			0.2	
	A port	V 245.V	I _{OL} = 12 mA			0.4	
		$V_{CC} = 3.15 \text{ V}$	I _{OL} = 24 mA			0.5	
V_{OL}		V _{CC} = 3.15 V to 3.45 V,	I _{OL} = 100 μA			0.2	V
	B port		I _{OL} = 10 mA			0.2	
		V _{CC} = 3.15 V	I _{OL} = 40 mA			0.4	
			I _{OL} = 50 mA			0.55	
I	Control inputs	V _{CC} = 3.45 V,	V _I = 0 or 5.5 V			±10	μΑ
1 (2)	A port	V 2.45.V	$V_O = V_{CC}$			10	
	B port	V _{CC} = 3.45 V	V _O = 1.5 V			10	μΑ
I _{OZL} ⁽²⁾	A and B ports	$V_{CC} = 3.45 \text{ V},$	$V_O = GND$			-10	μΑ
I _{BHL} ⁽³⁾	A port	$V_{CC} = 3.15 V,$	$V_{I} = 0.8 \ V$	75			μΑ
I _{BHH} ⁽⁴⁾	A port	$V_{CC} = 3.15 \text{ V},$	V _I = 2 V	-75			μΑ
I _{BHLO} ⁽⁵⁾	A port	V _{CC} = 3.45 V,	$V_I = 0$ to V_{CC}	500			μΑ
I _{BHHO} ⁽⁶⁾	A port	V _{CC} = 3.45 V,	$V_I = 0$ to V_{CC}	-500			μΑ
		$V_{CC} = 3.45 \text{ V}, I_{C} = 0,$	Outputs high			100	
I_{CC}	A or B port	V_{I} (A port or control input) = V_{CC} or GND,	Outputs low			100	mA
		V_I (B port) = V_{TT} or GND	Outputs disabled			100	
ΔI _{CC} ⁽⁷⁾		V_{CC} = 3.45 V, One A-port or control input at Other A-port or control inputs at V_{CC} or GN				1.5	mA
C _i	Control inputs	V _I = 3.15 V or 0			3	4	pF
<u> </u>	A port	V _O = 3.15 V or 0			6.5	8	~F
C _{io}	B port or CLKOUT	V _O = 1.5 V or 0			8.5	10.5	pF
C _o	CLKIN	V _O = 3.15 V or 0			5	6	pF

- All typical values are at $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$. For I/O ports, the parameters I_{OZH} and I_{OZL} include the input leakage current. The bus-hold circuit can sink at least the minimum low sustaining current at V_{IL} max. I_{BHL} should be measured after lowering V_{IN} to GND and then raising it to V_{IL}max.
- The bus-hold circuit can source at least the minimum high sustaining current at V_{IH}min. I_{BHH} should be measured after raising V_{IN} to V_{CC} and then lowering it to V_{IH} min.
- An external driver must source at least I_{BHLO} to switch this node from low to high.
- An external driver must sink at least I_{BHHO} to switch this node from high to low. This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at the specified TTL voltage level, rather than V_{CC} or GND.





Hot-Insertion Specifications for A Port

over recommended operating free-air temperature range

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS			MAX	UNIT
I _{off}	$V_{CC} = 0$,	BIAS $V_{CC} = 0$,	V_I or $V_O = 0$ to 5.5 V		10	μA
l _{OZPU}	$V_{CC} = 0 \text{ to } 1.5 \text{ V},$	$V_0 = 0.5 \text{ V to 3 V},$	$\overline{OE} = 0$		±30	μΑ
I _{OZPD}	$V_{CC} = 1.5 \text{ V to } 0,$	$V_0 = 0.5 \text{ V to 3 V},$	OE = 0		±30	μΑ

Live-Insertion Specifications for B Port

over recommended operating free-air temperature range

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	MAX	UNIT
I _{off}	$V_{CC} = 0$,	BIAS $V_{CC} = 0$,	V_I or $V_O = 0$ to 1.5 V		10	μΑ
I _{OZPU}	$V_{CC} = 0 \text{ to } 1.5 \text{ V},$	BIAS $V_{CC} = 0$,	$V_O = 0.5 \text{ V to } 1.5 \text{ V}, \overline{OE} = 0$		±30	μΑ
I _{OZPD}	$V_{CC} = 1.5 \text{ V to } 0,$	BIAS $V_{CC} = 0$,	$V_O = 0.5 \text{ V to } 1.5 \text{ V}, \overline{OE} = 0$		±30	μΑ
I (DIAC)/)	$V_{CC} = 0 \text{ to } 3.15 \text{ V}$	BIAS $V_{CC} = 3.15 \text{ V to } 3.45 \text{ V},$	\/ (P port) = 0 to 1 5 \/		5	mA
I _{CC} (BIAS V _{CC})	$V_{CC} = 3.15 \text{ V to } 3.45 \text{ V}$	$V_{CC} = 3.13 \text{ V to } 3.43 \text{ V},$	V_O (B port) = 0 to 1.5 V		10	μΑ
V _O	$V_{CC} = 0$,	BIAS $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$,	$I_O = 0$	0.95	1.05	V
Io	$V_{CC} = 0$,	BIAS $V_{CC} = 3.15 \text{ V to } 3.45 \text{ V},$	V_O (B port) = 0.6 V	-1		μΑ

Timing Requirements

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature,

 $V_{TT} = 1.5 \text{ V}$ and $V_{REF} = 1 \text{ V}$ for GTLP (unless otherwise noted)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
f _{clock}	Clock frequency	CLKAB to B or CLKBA to A		175	MHz
	Dulas duration	LEAB or LEBA high	2.8		
t _w	Pulse duration	CLKAB to B or CLKBA to A Hig	h or low 2.8		ns
		A before CLKAB↑	1.8		
		B before CLKBA↑	1.5		
Octor Care	A before LEAB↓	1			
t _{su}	t _{su} Setup time	B before LEBA↓	2		ns
		CEAB before CLKAB↑	1.5		
		CEBA before CLKBA↑	1.5		
		A after CLKAB↑	0.3		
		B after CLKBA↑	0.4		
	Hald Care	A after LEAB↓	1.1		ns
t _h	Hold time	B after LEBA↓	0.5		
		CEAB after CLKAB↑			
		CEBA after CLKBA↑	1		



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Switching Characteristics

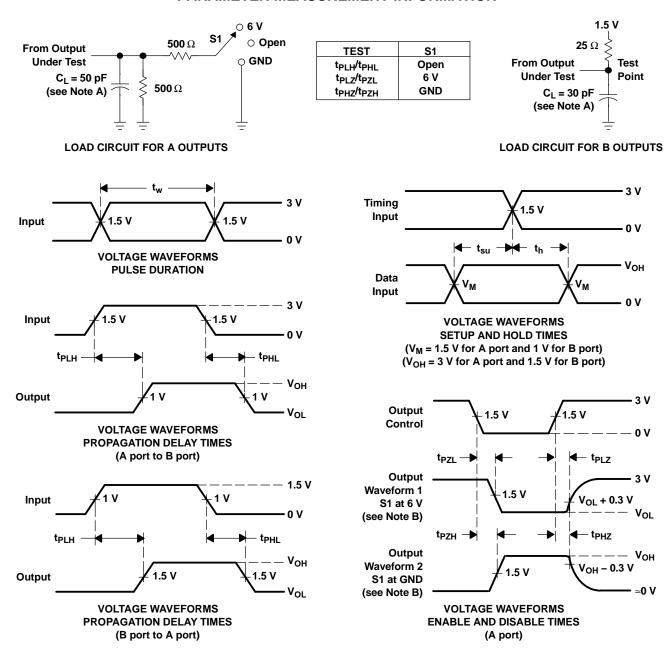
over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature, V_{TT} = 1.5 V and V_{REF} = 1 V for GTLP (see Figure 1)

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	MIN TYP(1)	MAX	UNIT
f _{max}	CLKAB or CLKBA	B or A	175		MHz
t _{PLH}	A	В	2.1	6	ns
t _{PHL}		В	2.1	6	110
t _{PLH}	LEAB	В	2.2	6.5	ns
t _{PHL}	LEAD	Б	2.2	6.5	115
t _{PLH}	CLKAB	В	2.2	6.5	ns
t _{PHL}	CLNAB	Б	2.2	6.5	115
t _{PLH}	CLKAB	CLKOUT	3.2	8	20
t _{PHL}	CLNAB	CLKOUT	3.2	8	ns
t _{en}	OEAB	B or CLKOUT	2.2	6.5	ns
t _{dis}		B OI CLKOUT	2.2	6.5	
t _r	Rise time, B outp	uts (20% to 80%)	2.4		ns
t _f	Fall time, B outpo	uts (80% to 20%)	2		ns
t _{PLH}	В		1.8	5.8	ns
t _{PHL}	В	A	1.8	5.8	
t _{PLH}	LEBA	A	1.5	5.3	20
t _{PHL}	LEBA	A	1.5	5.3	ns
t _{PLH}	CLKBA	A	1.8	5.7	ns
t _{PHL}	CERBA	^	1.8	5.7	115
t _{PLH}	CLKOUT	CLKIN	2.5	6.5	20
t _{PHL}	CLNOUT	CLNIN	2.5	6.5	ns
t _{en}	 OEBA	A or CLKIN	1	6.2	nc
t _{dis}	OEDA	A OI CENIN	1	5.9	ns

⁽¹⁾ All typical values are at $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$.



PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



NOTES: A. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

- B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low, except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high, except when disabled by the output control.
- C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR \approx 10 MHz, $Z_O = 50~\Omega$, $t_r \approx 2~ns$, $t_f \approx 2~ns$.
- D. The outputs are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.

Figure 1. Load Circuits and Voltage Waveforms

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Distributed-Load Backplane Switching Characteristics

The preceding switching characteristics table shows the switching characteristics of the device into a lumped load (Figure 1). However, the designer's backplane application probably is a distributed load. The physical representation is shown in Figure 2. This backplane, or distributed load, can be approximated closely to a resistor inductance capacitance (RLC) circuit, as shown in Figure 3. This device has been designed for optimum performance in this RLC circuit. The following switching characteristics table shows the switching characteristics of the device into the RLC load, to help the designer better understand the performance of the GTLP device in this typical backplane. See www.ti.com/sc/gtlp for more information.

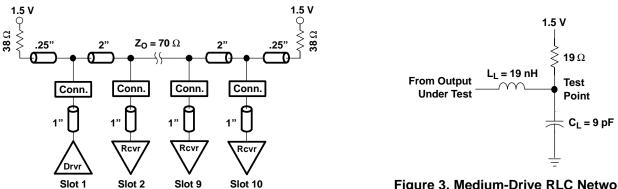


Figure 2. Medium-Drive Test Backplane

Figure 3. Medium-Drive RLC Network

Switching Characteristics

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature, $V_{TT} = 1.5 \text{ V}$ and $V_{REF} = 1 \text{ V}$ for GTLP (see Figure 3)

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	TYP ⁽¹⁾	UNIT
t _{PLH}	^	В	4.5	20
t _{PHL}	А	В	4.5	ns
t _{PLH}	LEAB	В	4.7	20
t _{PHL}	LEAD	В	4.7	ns
t _{PLH}	CLKAB	В	4.7	20
t _{PHL}	CLNAB	В	4.7	ns
t _{PLH}	CLKAB	CLKOUT	6	20
t _{PHL}	CLNAB	CLROUT	6	ns
t _{en}	OEAB	B or CLKOUT	4.8	20
t _{dis}	OEAB	B of CLROOT	4.4	ns
t _r	Rise time, B outp	1.2	ns	
t _f	Fall time, B outp	2.5	ns	

(1) All typical values are at $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$. All values are derived from TI-SPICE models.



PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

20-Aug-2011

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status ⁽¹⁾	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan ⁽²⁾	Lead/ Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp ⁽³⁾	Samples (Requires Login)
SN74GTLPH32916ZKFR	ACTIVE	LFBGA	ZKF	114	1000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	SNAGCU	Level-3-260C-168 HR	

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

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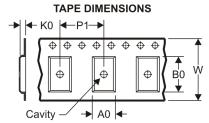
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PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





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	A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
Γ	B0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
		Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
	W	Overall width of the carrier tape
Γ	P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing			Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SN74GTLPH32916ZKFR	LFBGA	ZKF	114	1000	330.0	24.4	5.8	16.3	1.8	8.0	24.0	Q1

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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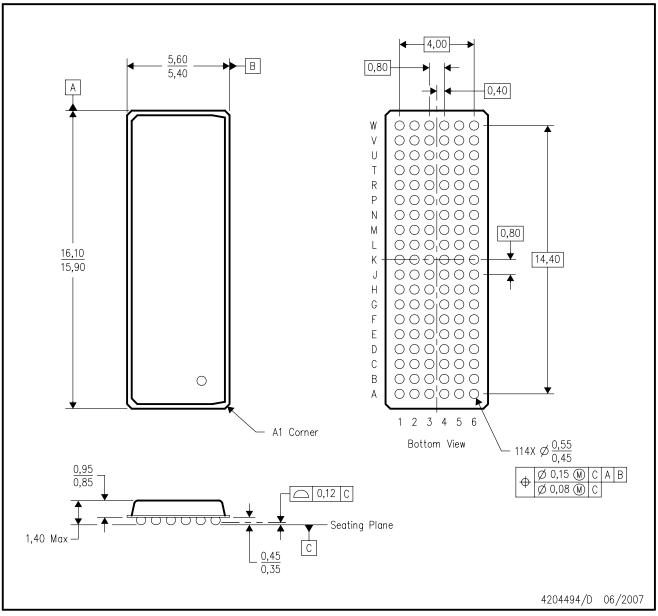


*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
SN74GTLPH32916ZKFR	LFBGA	ZKF	114	1000	333.2	345.9	31.8

ZKF (R-PBGA-N114)

PLASTIC BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Falls within JEDEC MO-205 variation DC.
- D. This package is lead-free. Refer to the 114 GKF package (drawing 4188954) for tin-lead (SnPb).



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