TYPE SN74142 BCD COUNTER/4-BIT LATCH/BCD DECODER/DRIVER

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SN74142 ... J OR N PACKAGE (TOP VIEW) CLR 1 U16 VCC 7[2 15 CLK 6 3 14 0 0D 4[]4 13 STRB 5 12 🗍 9 3[6 1118 2 10 0 GND 9 11

[†]All other outputs are off.

H = high level, L = low level, X = irrelevant

description

The SN74142 contains a divide-by-ten (BCD) counter, a four-bit latch, and a decoder/*Nixie*[‡] tube driver on a monolithic chip and is packaged in popular 16-pin packages. This single MSI function can replace the equivalent of three separately packaged MSI circuits to reduce printed-circuit board area and the number of system interconnections, resulting in reduced costs and improved reliability.

Four master-slave flip-flops are fully decoded to provide a divide-by-ten counter. A direct clear input will, when taken low, reset and hold the counter at zero (all Q outputs low, \overline{Q}_D output high). While the clear input is inactive (high), each positive-going transition of the clock will increment the counter. The \overline{Q}_D output is made available externally for cascading to n-bit counters.

The Q outputs of the counter are routed to the data inputs of the four-bit latch. While the latch strobe input is low, the internal latch outputs will follow the respective Q outputs of the counter. When the latch strobe input is taken high, the latch stores the data which has been setup by the counter outputs prior to the low-to-high level transition of the latch strobe input. The \overline{Q}_D output from the counter is not stored by the latch since it is intended for clocking the next counter stage. This means that the system counter can continuously acquire new data. Since all outputs of the latch and Q outputs of the counter drive low-capacitance on-chip loads, the circuitry is considerably simplified with respect to the number of components required. This results in a highly efficient function which typically reduces power requirements 15% when compared to systems using the three separate packages.

The SN74142 counter/latch/driver features fully buffered inputs to reduce drive requirements to one normalized Series 74 load per input, and diode-clamping of all inputs to minimize transmission line effects. The counter will accept input clock frequencies up to 20 MHz and is entirely compatible for use with all popular TTL and DTL logic circuits. The high-performance n-p-n driver outputs are identical to the SN74141 and have a maximum off-state reverse current of 50 microamperes at 55 volts.

 ${}^{\ddagger}Nixie$ is a registered trademark of the Burroughs Corporation.

PRODUCTION DATA This document contains information current as of publication date. Products conform to specifications per the terms of Texas Instruments standard warranty. Production processing does not necessarily include testing of all parameters.



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DEVICES

TYPES SN74142 BCD COUNTER/4-BIT LATCH/BCD DECODER/DRIVER

absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

Supply voltage, VCC (see Note 1)																				7 V
Input voltage																	-		ł	5.5 V
Off-state current into outputs 0 thru 9																				1 mA
Operating free-air temperature range	•	•															0	°C	to	70°C
Storage temperature range		·	•	•		•	•		•			·		•		-6	5°	C to	o 1	50°C

NOTE 1: All voltage values are with respect to the network ground terminal.

recommended operating conditions

		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
Supply voltage, VCC		4.75	5	5.25	v
High-level output current from QD, IOH		1		-400	μA
Low-level output current from QD, IOL				8	mA
Input clock frequency, fclock		0		20	MHz
	High logic level	15			
Clock pulse width, tw(clock) (see Figure 1)	Low logic level	35			ns
Clear pulse width, tw(clear) (see Figure 1)		25			ns
Strobe pulse width, tw(strobe) (see Figure 1)		20			ns
Clear inactive-state setup time, t _{SU} (see Figure 1)		25			ns
Strobe time, t _{strobe} (see Figure 1)		45		^t w(clock) +10	ns
Operating free-air temperature, TA		0		70	°C

electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

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	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS [†]	MIN	TYP‡	MAX	UNIT
VIH	High-level input voltage		2			V
VIL	Low-level input voltage				0.8	V
VIK	Input clamp voltage	$V_{CC} = MIN, I_I = -12 \text{ mA}$			1.5	V
VOH	High-level QD output voltage	V _{CC} = MIN, I _{OH} = -400 µA	2.4	3.4		V
VOL	Low-level QD output voltage	V _{CC} = MIN, I _{OL} = 8 mA		0.2	0.4	V
VO(on)	On-state voltage, outputs 0 thru 9	V _{CC} = MIN, 1 ₀ = 7 mA	1		2.5	V
VO(off)	Off-state voltage, outputs 0 thru 9	$V_{CC} = MAX$, $I_{O} = 0.5 mA$	60			V
O(off)	Off-state current, outputs 0 thru 9	V _{CC} = MAX, V _O = 55 V			50	μA
1	Input current at maximum input voltage	V _{CC} = MAX, V ₁ = 5.5 V			1	mA
Чн	High-level input current	V _{CC} = MAX, VI = 2.4 V			40	μA
4L	Low-level input current	V _{CC} = MAX, V _I = 0.4 V			-1.6	mA
los	Short-circuit QD output current	V _{CC} = MAX	-18		-55	mA
¹ CC	Supply current	V _{CC} = MAX, All outputs open		68	102	mA

[†]For conditions shown as MIN or MAX, use the appropriate value specified under recommended operating conditions. [‡]All typical values are at $V_{CC} \cong 5 \text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}$ C.

switching characteristics, VCC = 5 V, TA = 25°C

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
^t PLH	Propagation delay time, low-to-high-level Āp output from clock			35	55		
^t PHL	Propagation delay time, high-to-low-level $\overline{\mathbf{Q}}_{\mathbf{D}}$ output from clock	- CL ≈ 15 pF, RL ≈ 800 Ω,		30	45	ns	
^t PLH	Propagation delay time, low-to-high-level $\overline{\Omega}_{D}$ output from clear	1 See Figure 1		30	45	ns	



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