Signetics

PCF2112
LCD Driver

Product Specification

Linear Products

DESCRIPTION

The PCF2112 is a single-chip, silicon-gate CMOS circuit designed to drive an LCD (Liquid Crystal Display) with up to 32 segments in direct drive; especially for low-voltage applications. A three-line bus structure enables serial data transfer with microcontrollers. All inputs are CMOS/NMOS compatible.

FEATURES

- **32 LCD segment drive capability**
- **Supply voltage 2.25 to 6.5V**
- **Low current consumption**
- **Serial data input**
- **CBUS control**
- **One-point built-in oscillator**
- **Expansion possibility**

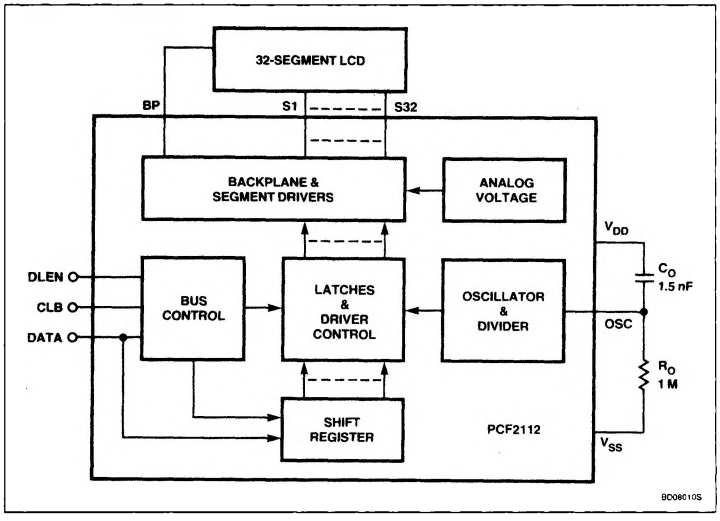
APPLICATIONS

- **LCD displays**
- **Gauges**
- **Level/Volume indicators**
- **Thermometers**

ORDERING INFORMATION

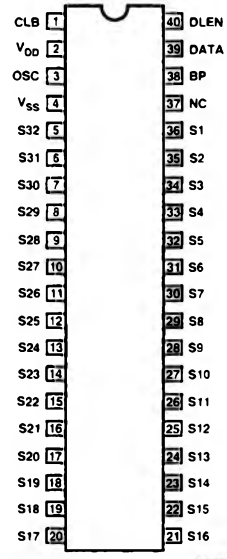
DESCRIPTION	TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDER CODE
40-Pin Plastic DIP (SOT-129)	−40°C to +85°C	PCF2112PN
40-Pin Plastic SO (VSO-40; SOT-158A)	−40°C to +85°C	PCF2112TD

BLOCK DIAGRAM



PIN CONFIGURATION

D, N Packages



PIN NO.	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION	
Supply			
2	V_{DD}	Positive supply	
4	V_{SS}	Negative supply	
Inputs			
3	OSC	Oscillator input	
39	DATA	Data line	CBUS
40	DLEN	Data line enable	CBUS
1	CLB	Clock burst	CBUS
Outputs			
38	BP	Backplane driver (common of LCD)	
5-36	S1 to S32	LCD driver outputs	
37	NC	Not connected	

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	RATING	UNIT
V_{DD}	Supply voltage with respect to V_{SS}	−0.3 to 8	V
V_n	Voltage on any pin	V_{SS} − 0.3 to V_{DD} + 0.3	V
T_A	Operating ambient temperature range	−40 to +85	°C
T_{STG}	Storage temperature range	−65 to +125	°C

HANDLING

Inputs and outputs are protected against electrostatic charge in normal handling. However, to be totally safe, it is desirable to take normal precautions appropriate to handling MOS devices.

DC AND AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

V_{DD} = 2.25 to 6.5V; V_{SS} = 0V; T_A = −40°C to +85°C; R_O = 1MΩ; C_O = 1.5nF, unless otherwise specified.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	LIMITS			UNIT
			Min	Typ	Max	
I_{DD}	Supply current	No external load		10	50	μA
I_{DD}	Supply current	No external load; T_A = −25°C to +85°C			30	μA
f_{LCD}	Display frequency	T = 1.5ms	30	40	50	Hz
R_S	Output resistance of each segment	I_O = μA			10	kΩ
R_{BP}	Output resistance of backplane	I_O = μA			2	kΩ
V_{IH}	Input voltage HIGH	see Figure 7	2			V
V_{IL}	Input voltage LOW	see Figure 7			0.6	V
Inputs CLB, DATA, DLEN[1]						
C_{IN} C_{IN}	Input capacitance	For SOT-129 package For SOT-158A package			10 5	pF pF
t_R, t_F	Rise and fall times	see Figure 1			10	μs
t_{WH}	CLB pulse width HIGH	see Figure 1	1			μs
t_{WL}	CLB pulse width LOW	see Figure 1	9			μs
t_{SUDA}	Data setup time DATA → CLB	see Figure 1	8			μs
t_{HDDA}	Data hold time DATA → CLB	see Figure 1	8			μs
t_{SUEN}	Enable setup time DLEN → CLB	see Figure 1	1			μs
t_{SUDI}	Disable setup time CLB → DLEN	see Figure 1	8			μs
t_{SULD}	Setup time (load pulse) DLEN → CLB	see Figure 1	8			μs
t_{BUSY}	Busy-time from load pulse to next start of transmission	see Figure 1	8			μs
t_{SULZ}	Setup time (leading zero) DATA → CLB	see Figure 1	8			μs

NOTE:

1. All timing values are referred to V_{IHmin} and V_{ILmax} (see Figure 1). If external resistors are used in the ← bus lines (see Figure 7), an extra time constant has to be added.

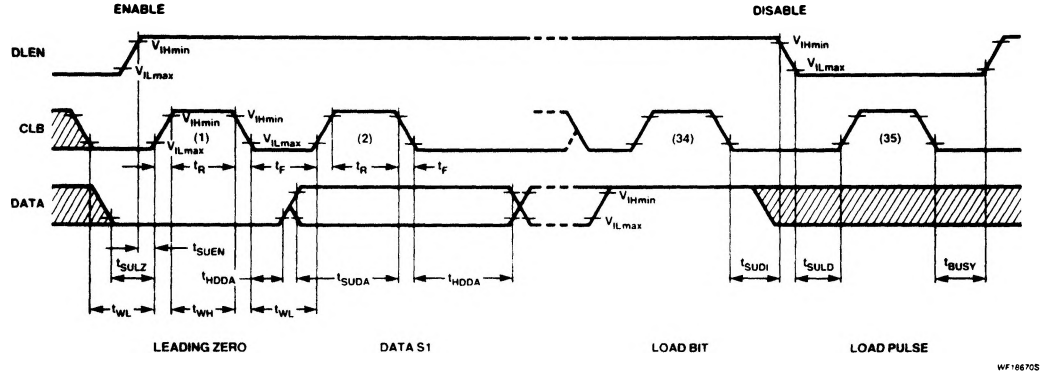
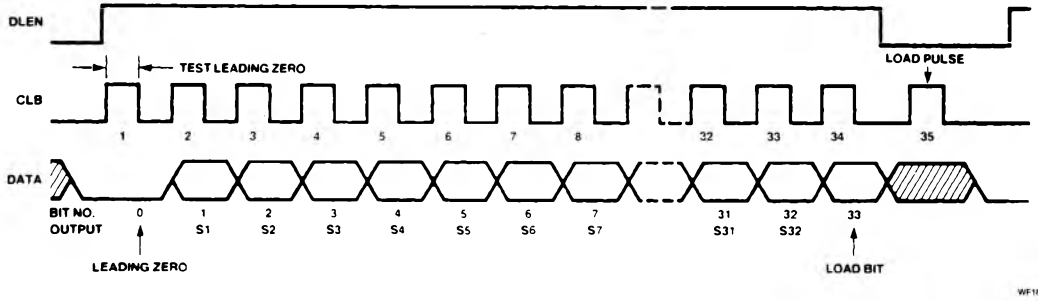
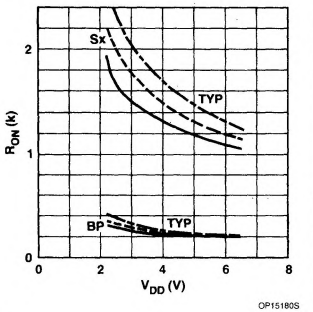


Figure 1. CBUS Timing



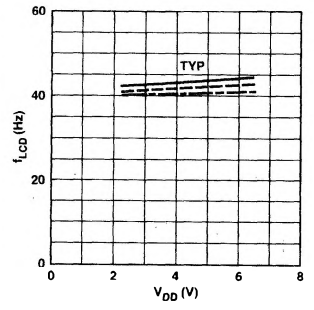
NOTES:
An LCD segment is activated when the corresponding DATA bit is HIGH.
When DATA bit 33 is HIGH, the latches are loaded. CLB pulse 35 transfers data from shift register to latches.
The following tests are carried out by the bus control logic:
a. Test on leading zero.
b. Test on number of DATA bits.
c. Test of disturbed DLEN and DATA signals during transmission.
If one of the tests conditions is not filled, no action follows the load condition (load pulse with DLEN is LOW) and the driver is ready to receive new data.

Figure 2. Data Format



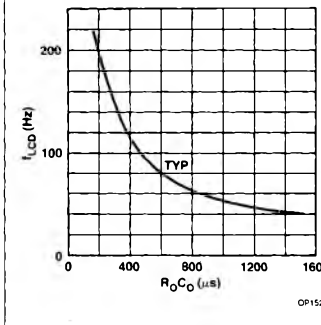
NOTES:
——— $T_A = -40°C$
– – – $T_A = +25°C$
—·— $T_A = +85°C$

Figure 3. Output Resistance of Backplane and Segments



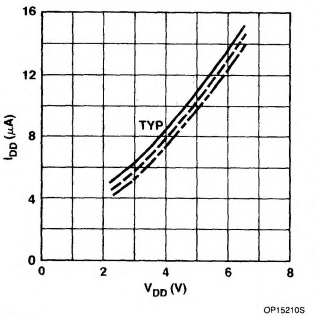
NOTES:
R_OC_O = 1.5ms
——— $T_A = -40°C$
– – – $T_A = +25°C$
—·— $T_A = +85°C$

Figure 4. Display Frequency as a Function of Supply Voltage



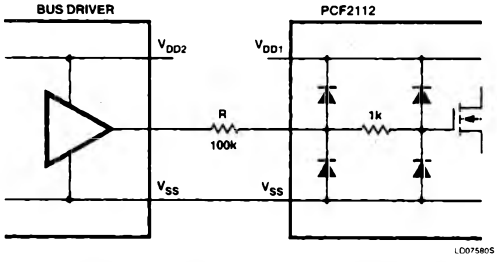
NOTE:
$T_A = +25°C$

Figure 5. Display Frequency as a Function of $R_O \times C_O$ Time



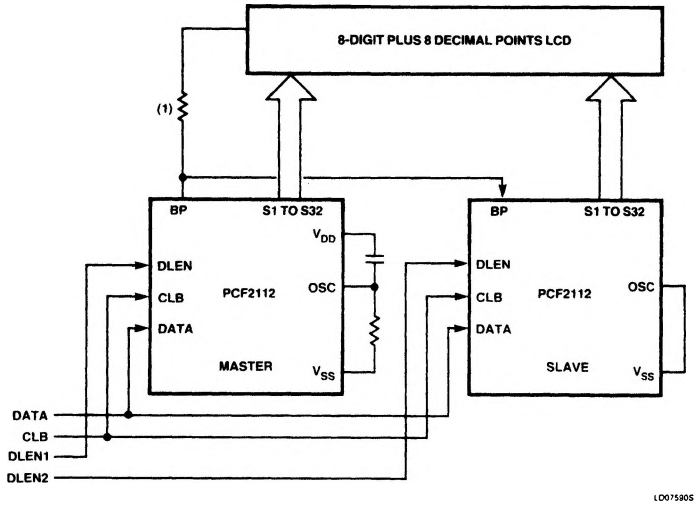
NOTES:
——— $T_A = -40°C$
– – – $T_A = +25°C$
—·— $T_A = +85°C$

Figure 6. Supply Current as a Function of Supply Voltage



NOTE:
V_{SS} line is common. In systems where it is expected that $V_{DD2} > V_{DD1} + 0.5V$, a resistor should be inserted to reduce the current flowing through the input protection. Maximum input current $\leq 40\mu A$.

Figure 7. Input Circuitry



NOTES:

1. In the slave mode, the serial resistor between BP of the PCF2112 and the backplane of the LCD must be > 2.7kΩ. In most applications the resistance of the interconnection to the LCD already has a higher value.
   By connecting OSC to V_{SS} the BP pin becomes input and generates signals synchronized to the single oscillator frequency, thus allowing expansion of several PCF2112 ICs up to the BP drive capability of the master.

Figure 8. Diagram Showing Expansion Possibility for an 8-Digit Plus 8 Decimal Points LCD